## **Altivar Machine ATV340**

## **Variable Speed Drives**

## **Installation Manual**





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Safety Information Variable Speed Drives

## **Safety Information**

#### **Important Information**

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, service, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

#### **A** DANGER

**DANGER** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **will result in** death or serious injury.

#### WARNING

**WARNING** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** death or serious injury.

#### CAUTION

**CAUTION** indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result** in minor or moderate injury.

#### NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

#### **Please Note**

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of electrical equipment and its installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

Variable Speed Drives Safety Information

### **Qualification of Personnel**

Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and understand the contents of this manual and all other pertinent product documentation are authorized to work on and with this product. In addition, these persons must have received safety training to recognize and avoid hazards involved. These persons must have sufficient technical training, knowledge and experience and be able to foresee and detect potential hazards that may be caused by using the product, by changing the settings and by the mechanical, electrical and electronic equipment of the entire system in which the product is used. All persons working on and with the product must be fully familiar with all applicable standards, directives, and accident prevention regulations when performing such work.

### **Intended Use**

This product is intended for industrial use according to this manual.

The product may only be used in compliance with all applicable safety standard and local regulations and directives, the specified requirements and the technical data. The product must be installed outside the hazardous ATEX zone. Prior to using the product, you must perform a risk assessment in view of the planned application. Based on the results, the appropriate safety measures must be implemented. Since the product is used as a component in an entire system, you must ensure the safety of persons by means of the design of this entire system (for example, machine design). Any use other than the use explicitly permitted is prohibited and can result in hazards.

Safety Information Variable Speed Drives

#### **Product Related Information**

Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure with this drive.

### **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and fully understand
  the contents of the present manual and all other pertinent product
  documentation and who have received all necessary training to recognize
  and avoid hazards involved are authorized to work on and with this drive
  system.
- Installation, adjustment, repair and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.
- Verify compliance with all local and national electrical code requirements as well as all other applicable regulations with respect to grounding of all equipment.
- Only use properly rated, electrically insulated tools and measuring equipment.
- Do not touch unshielded components or terminals with voltage present.
- Prior to performing any type of work on the drive system, block the motor shaft to prevent rotation.
- Insulate both ends of unused conductors of the motor cable.
- Do not short across the DC bus terminals or the DC bus capacitors or the braking resistor terminals.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

## **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

Before performing work on the drive system:

- Disconnect all power, including external control power that may be present.
   Take into account that the circuit breaker or main switch does not deenergize all circuits.
- Place a "Do Not Turn On" label on all power switches related to the drive system.
- Lock all power switches in the open position.
- · Wait 15 minutes to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge.
- Verify the absence of voltage. (1)

Before applying voltage to the drive system:

- Verify that the work has been completed and that the entire installation cannot cause hazards.
- If the mains input terminals and the motor output terminals have been grounded and short-circuited, remove the ground and the short circuits on the mains input terminals and the motor output terminals.
- · Verify proper grounding of all equipment.
- Verify that all protective equipment such as covers, doors, grids is installed and/or closed.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

(1) Refer to the Verify the Absence of Voltage section, page 14.

Variable Speed Drives Safety Information

Damaged products or accessories may cause electric shock or unanticipated equipment operation.

## **AADANGER**

#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK OR UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

Do not use damaged products or accessories.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Contact your local Schneider Electric sales office if you detect any damage whatsoever.

This equipment has been designed to operate outside of any hazardous location. Only install this equipment in zones known to be free of a hazardous atmosphere.

#### **ADANGER**

#### POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSION

Install and use this equipment in non-hazardous locations only.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Safety Information Variable Speed Drives

Your application consists of a whole range of different interrelated mechanical, electrical, and electronic components, the drive being just one part of the application. The drive by itself is neither intended to nor capable of providing the entire functionality to meet all safety-related requirements that apply to your application. Depending on the application and the corresponding risk assessment to be conducted by you, a whole variety of additional equipment is required such as, but not limited to, external encoders, external brakes, external monitoring devices, guards, etc. As a designer/manufacturer of machines, you must be familiar with and observe all standards that apply to your machine. You must conduct a risk assessment and determine the appropriate Performance Level (PL) and/or Safety Integrity Level (SIL) and design and build your machine in compliance with all applicable standards. In doing so, you must consider the interrelation of all components of the machine. In addition, you must provide instructions for use that enable the user of your machine to perform any type of work on and with the machine such as operation and maintenance in a safe manner. The present document assumes that you are fully aware of all normative standards and requirements that apply to your application. Since the drive cannot provide all safety-related functionality for your entire application, you must ensure that the required Performance Level and/or Safety Integrity Level is reached by installing all necessary additional equipment.

#### **▲WARNING**

#### INSUFFICIENT PERFORMANCE LEVEL/SAFETY INTEGRITY LEVEL AND/ OR UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Conduct a risk assessment according to EN ISO 12100 and all other standards that apply to your application.
- Use redundant components and/or control paths for all critical control functions identified in your risk assessment.
- Implement all monitoring functions required to avoid any type of hazard identified in your risk assessment, for example, slipping or falling loads, in particular, if you do not operate the drive in closed loop mode which provides certain internal monitoring functions such as BRH3 [BRH b3], BRH4 [BRH b4] and BRH5 [BRH b5].
- Verify that the service life of all individual components used in your application is sufficient for the intended service life of your overall application.
- Perform extensive commissioning tests for all potential error situations to verify the effectiveness of the safety-related functions and monitoring functions implemented, for example, but not limited to, speed monitoring by means of encoders, short circuit monitoring for all connected equipment, correct operation of brakes and guards.
- Perform extensive commissioning tests for all potential error situations to verify that the load can be brought to a safe stop under all conditions.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

A specific application note NHA80973 is available on hoisting machines and can be downloaded on se.com.

The products may perform unexpected movements because of incorrect wiring, incorrect settings, incorrect data or other errors.

### **AWARNING**

#### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- · Carefully install the wiring in accordance with the EMC requirements.
- Do not operate the product with unknown or unsuitable settings or data.
- Perform a comprehensive commissioning test.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Variable Speed Drives Safety Information

### **AWARNING**

#### LOSS OF CONTROL

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop, overtravel stop, power outage and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines (1).
- Each implementation of the product must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

(1) For USA: Additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems.

The temperature of the products described in this manual may exceed 80 °C (176 °F) during operation.

#### **▲** WARNING

#### **HOT SURFACES**

- Ensure that any contact with hot surfaces is avoided.
- Do not allow flammable or heat-sensitive parts in the immediate vicinity of hot surfaces.
- · Verify that the product has sufficiently cooled down before handling it.
- Verify that the heat dissipation is sufficient by performing a test run under maximum load conditions.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

### **NOTICE**

#### **DESTRUCTION DUE TO INCORRECT MAINS VOLTAGE**

Before switching on and configuring the product, verify that it is approved for the mains voltage.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

About the Book Variable Speed Drives

### **About the Book**

#### At a Glance

### **Validity Note**

Original instructions and information given in the present document have been written in English (before optional translation).

This documentation is valid for the Altivar Machine 340 drives.

The technical characteristics of the devices described in the present document also appear online. To access the information online, go to the Schneider Electric home page www.se.com/ww/en/download/.

The characteristics that are described in the present document should be the same as those characteristics that appear online. In line with our policy of constant improvement, we may revise content over time to improve clarity and accuracy. If you see a difference between the document and online information, use the online information as your reference.

### **Document Scope**

The purpose of this document is:

- to give you mechanical and electrical information related to the Altivar 340 drive,
- to show you how to install and wire this drive.

#### **Related Documents**

Use your tablet or your PC to quickly access detailed and comprehensive information on all our products on www.se.com.

The internet site provides the information you need for products and solutions:

- · The whole catalog for detailed characteristics and selection guides,
- The CAD files to help design your installation, available in over 20 different file formats,
- All software and firmware to maintain your installation up to date,
- A large quantity of White Papers, Environment documents, Application solutions, Specifications... to gain a better understanding of our electrical systems and equipment or automation,
- And finally all the User Guides related to your drive, listed below:

Title of Documentation	Catalog Number
ATV340 Catalog	DIA2ED2160701EN (English), DIA2ED2160701FR (French)
ATV340 Getting Started - Video	FA367923 FAQ (English)  Life Is On Schneider Spring terminal connectors.

Variable Speed Drives About the Book

Title of Documentation	Catalog Number
ATV340 Getting Started	NVE37643 (English), NVE37642 (French), NVE37644 (German), NVE37646 (Spanish), NVE37647 (Italian), NVE37648 (Chinese), NVE37643PT (Portuguese)
ATV340 Getting Started Annex (SCCR)	NVE37641 (English)
Wiring Diagrams for Frame Sizes S1, S2, S3	NVE97896 (English)
ATV340 Installation Manual	NVE61069 (English), NVE61071 (French), NVE61074 (German), NVE61075 (Spanish), NVE61078 (Italian), NVE61079 (Chinese), NVE61069PT (Portuguese), NVE61069TR (Turkish)
ATV340 Programming Manual	NVE61643 (English), NVE61644 (French), NVE61645 (German), NVE61647 (Spanish), NVE61648 (Italian), NVE61649 (Chinese), NVE61643PT (Portuguese), NVE61643TR (Turkish)
ATV340 Modbus manual (Embedded)	NVE61654 (English)
ATV340 Ethernet manual (Embedded)	NVE61653 (English)
ATV340 PROFIBUS DP manual (VW3A3607)	NVE61656 (English)
ATV340 DeviceNet manual (VW3A3609)	NVE61683 (English)
ATV340 PROFINET manual (VW3A3627)	NVE61678 (English)
ATV340 CANopen manual (VW3A3608, 618, 628)	NVE61655 (English)
ATV340 POWERLINK manual - (VW3A3619)	NVE61681 (English)
ATV340 EtherCAT manual - (VW3A3601)	NVE61686 (English)
ATV340 Sercos III manual (embedded)	PHA33735 (English), PHA33737 (French), PHA33738 (German), PHA33739 (Spanish), PHA33740 (Italian), PHA33741 (Chinese)
ATV340 Communication Parameters	NVE61728 (English)
ATV340 Embedded Safety Function Manual	NVE64143 (English)
ATV340 Safety functions Manual with Module VW3A3802	NVE61741 (English), NVE61742 (French), NVE61745 (German), NVE61747 (Spanish), NVE61749 (Italian), NVE61752 (Chinese), NVE61741PT (Portuguese), NVE61741TR (Turkish)
SoMove FDT	SoMove_FDT (English, French, German, Spanish, Italian, Chinese)
Altivar 340: DTM	ATV340_DTM_Library_EN (English), ATV340_DTM_ Lang_FR (French), ATV340_DTM_Lang_DE (German), ATV340_DTM_Lang_SP (Spanish), ATV340_DTM_ Lang_IT (Italian), ATV340_DTM_Lang_CN (Chinese)
Altivar Application Note for Hoisting	NHA80973 (English)
Recommended Cybersecurity Best Practices	CS-Best-Practices-2019-340 (English)

(Other option manuals and Instruction sheets are available on www.se.com)

You can download these technical publications and other technical information from our website at www.se.com/en/download

## **Electronic product data sheet**

Scan the QR code in front of the drive to get the product data sheet.

About the Book Variable Speed Drives

### **Terminology**

The technical terms, terminology, and the corresponding descriptions in this manual normally use the terms or definitions in the relevant standards.

In the area of drive systems this includes, but is not limited to, terms such as **error**, **error message**, **failure**, **fault**, **fault reset**, **protection**, **safe state**, **safety function**, **warning**, **warning message**, and so on.

Among others, these standards include:

- IEC 61800 series: Adjustable speed electrical power drive systems
- IEC 61508 Ed.2 series: Functional safety of electrical/electronic/ programmable electronic safety-related
- EN 954-1 Safety of machinery safety-related parts of control systems
- ISO 13849-1 & 2 Safety of machinery safety related parts of control systems
- IEC 61158 series: Industrial communication networks Fieldbus specifications
- IEC 61784 series: Industrial communication networks Profiles
- IEC 60204-1: Safety of machinery Electrical equipment of machines Part
   1: General requirements

In addition, the term **zone of operation** is used in conjunction with the description of specific hazards, and is defined as it is for a **hazard zone** or **danger zone** in the EC Machinery Directive (2006/42/EC) and in ISO 12100-1.

Also see the glossary at the end of this manual.

#### Contact us

Select your country on www.se.com/contact.

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### Introduction

## **Verifying the Absence of Voltage**

#### Instructions

The DC bus voltage level is determined by measuring the voltage between the DC bus terminals PA/+ and PC/-.

The location of the DC bus terminals depends on the drive model.

Identify your drive model by referring to the nameplate of the drive.

Then, refer to the chapter "Wiring the Power Part", page 99 for the location of the DC bus terminals PA/+ and PC/-.

Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure with this drive.

### **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and fully understand
  the contents of the present manual and all other pertinent product
  documentation and who have received all necessary training to recognize
  and avoid hazards involved are authorized to work on and with this drive
  system.
- Installation, adjustment, repair and maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.
- Verify compliance with all local and national electrical code requirements as well as all other applicable regulations with respect to grounding of all equipment.
- Only use properly rated, electrically insulated tools and measuring equipment.
- · Do not touch unshielded components or terminals with voltage present.
- Prior to performing any type of work on the drive system, block the motor shaft to prevent rotation.
- Insulate both ends of unused conductors of the motor cable.
- Do not short across the DC bus terminals or the DC bus capacitors or the braking resistor terminals.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

## **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

Before performing work on the drive system:

- Disconnect all power, including external control power that may be present.
   Take into account that the circuit breaker or main switch does not deenergize all circuits.
- Place a "Do Not Turn On" label on all power switches related to the drive system.
- · Lock all power switches in the open position.
- Wait 15 minutes to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge.
- Verify the absence of voltage. (1)

Before applying voltage to the drive system:

- Verify that the work has been completed and that the entire installation cannot cause hazards.
- If the mains input terminals and the motor output terminals have been grounded and short-circuited, remove the ground and the short circuits on the mains input terminals and the motor output terminals.
- Verify proper grounding of all equipment.
- Verify that all protective equipment such as covers, doors, grids is installed and/or closed.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

(1) Refer to the procedure in the present document., page 15.

#### **Procedure**

Perform the following actions to verify the absence of voltage

Step	Action
1	Measure the voltage on the DC bus between the DC bus terminals (PA/+ and PC/-) using a properly rated voltmeter to verify that the voltage is less than 42 Vdc
2	If the DC bus capacitors do not discharge properly, contact your local Schneider Electric representative.
	Do not repair or operate the product.
3	Verify that no other voltage is present in the drive system.

### **Drive Overview**

### The Range

ATV340 is available in 5 frame sizes.

The drives are designed to operate with a supply voltage range of 380...480 Vac with a tolerance of -15...10 %.

### Frame Sizes 1, 2 and 3

Frame Size 1, 2 and 3 are available in 3 versions.

ATV340 •••• N4: These drives include...

- 3 general-purpose slots (marked GP-••) for optional...
  - GP-SF: I/O or Safety module
  - GP-ENC: I/O or Encoder module
  - GP-FB: I/O or Fieldbus module

ATV340 .... N4E: These drives include...

· 2 Advanced Ethernet RJ45 ports

**NOTE:** please refer to the ATV340 Ethernet manual (Embedded) NVE61653

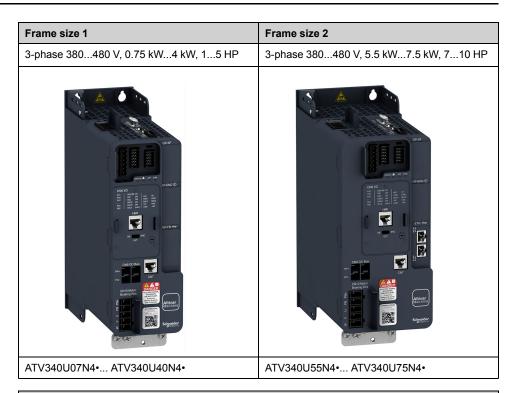
- 2 general-purpose slots (marked GP-••) for optional...
  - GP-SF: I/O or Safety module
  - GP-ENC: I/O or Encoder module

ATV340 \*\*\* N4S: These drives include...

· 2 Sercos III RJ45 ports

**NOTE:** Please refer to the ATV340 Sercos III manual (Embedded), page 11.

- 2 general-purpose slots (marked GP-••) for optional...
  - ∘ GP-SF: I/O
  - GP-ENC: I/O or Encoder module



#### Frame size 3

3-phase 380...480 V, 11 kW...22 kW, 15...30 HP



ATV340D11N4•... ATV340D22N4•

### Frame Sizes 4 and 5

These drives include:

- 2 slots for optional module:
  - Slot A: for general-purpose I/O or Fieldbus option
  - Slot B: for general-purpose I/O or Encoder option
  - Slot C: for accessory general-purpose I/O or Safety option using the option module adapter accessory
- A third slot C, made possible by the additional module support option VW3A3800.

This option allows the following modules to be added:

- Safety module VW3A3802,
- Extended I/O module VW3A3203,
- Extended relay module VW3A3204

**NOTE:** Contact your local Schneider Electric representative for firmware version compatibility between the module and the drive.

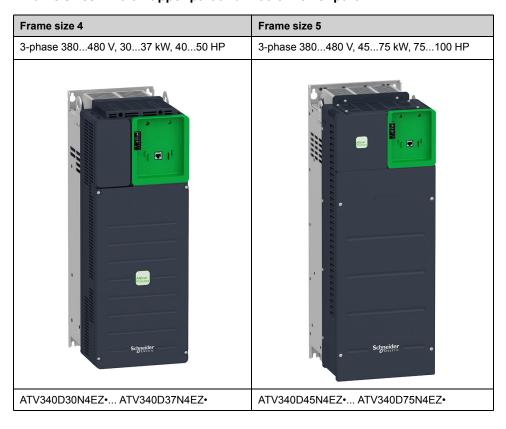
• 2 Advanced Ethernet RJ45 ports

#### 2 frame sizes IP20

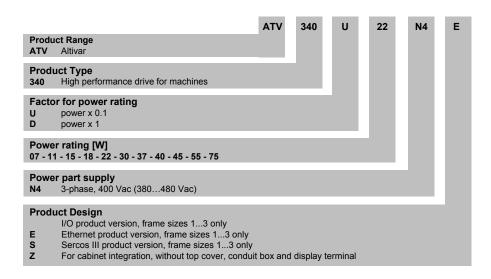
Frame size 4	Frame size 5
3-phase 380480 V, 30 kW37 kW, 4050 HP	3-phase 380480 V, 45 kW75 kW, 60100 HP
ATV340D30N4E ATV340D37N4E	ATV340D45N4E ATV340D75N4E

## **Products intended to Cabinet Integration**

#### 2 frame sizes IP20 on upper part and IP00 on lower part



## **Catalog Number Description**



**NOTE:** see the catalog, page 11 for possible combinations.

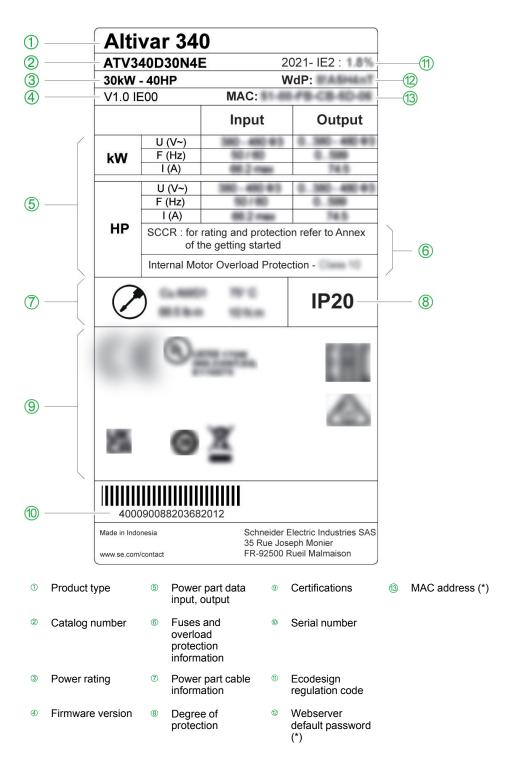
### Communication

The ATV340 drives offer a wide choice of communication protocols, whether integrated or available with an optional communication card.

Drive Type	Communication			
	Integrated	Optional		
ATV320•••••B	Single port compatible with CANopen and Modbus serial line	Ethernet IP and Modbus TCP, CANopen RJ45 Daisy Chain, Sub-D, and screw terminals, PROFINET, Profibus DP V1, EtherCAT, DeviceNet, and POWERLINK		
ATV340•••N4, ATV340•••N4E•	Dual port for Ethernet IP/Modbus TCP, 2 ports for Modbus serial line	CANopen RJ45 Daisy Chain, Sub-D, and screw terminals, PROFINET, Profibus DP V1,		
ATV340•••N4S	Dual port for SERCOS III, 2 ports for Modbus serial line	EtherCAT, DeviceNet, and POWERLINK		

### Nameplate example

The nameplate contains the following data:



- (\*) Also refer to the programming manual, page 11.
  - If the Nameplate is not visible after the drive mounting phase, note or take a photo of the webserver default password.

### **Manufacturing Date**

Use the serial number @ of the drive to retrieve its manufacturing date.

The four digits before the last 5 characters of the serial number provide respectively the year and the week of manufacture.

In the nameplate example illustrated above 40009008A213682012 the manufacturing date is year 2021, week 36.

### **Manufacturing Plant**

Use the serial number <sup>100</sup> of the drive to retrieve its manufacturing plant.

The two digits after the first 7 characters of the serial number provide respectively the manufacturing plant.

In the nameplate example illustrated above 40009008A213682012 the manufacturing plant is 8A.

## **Accessories and Options**

#### Introduction

The Altivar Machine ATV340 drives are designed to take numerous accessories and options to increase their functionality. For a detailed description and catalog numbers, refer to the Catalog on www.se.com

All accessories and options come with an instruction sheet to help installation and commissioning. Therefore you will only find here a short product description.

#### **Accessories**

#### **Drive**

- · Fan replacement kit
- EMC kits
- Connector kits for I/O, motor and power connection
- · Control cables
- · Daisy chain DC bus sharing cable

#### Display terminals

- Plain Text Display Terminal for direct or remote mounting (VW3A1113)
- Graphic Display Terminal (VW3A1111) with a cable (frame sizes 1...3), for extended mounting
- Remote mounting kit for mounting on enclosure door
- Multidrop connection accessories for connecting several drives to the RJ45 terminal port

#### **Drive mounting kits**

Flush mounting kit, page 56 for separate air flow

#### **Modbus Communication tools**

- Wi-Fi dongle
- Bluetooth dongle
- USB to Modbus adapter

### **Options**

#### **Encoder interface modules**

- · Resolver encoder interface module
- Digital interface encoder module 5/12 V
- Analog interface encoder module

Additional Module Support for frame sizes 4 and 5 (slot C), page 18

#### Safety functions module

#### I/O extension modules

- · Digital and analog I/O module
- Relay output module

#### **Communication modules**

- · CANopen daisy chain
- CANopen SUB-D
- CANopen screw terminal block
- PROFINET
- PROFIBUS DP V1
- DeviceNet
- EtherCAT

#### **Braking resistors**

#### **Mains Chokes**

**EMC filters** 

## **Display Terminals**

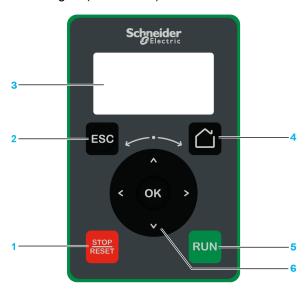
#### Introduction

The drive is compatible with the Plain Text Display Terminal (VW3A1113) or with the Graphic Display Terminal (VW3A1111). These display terminals can be ordered separately.

Refer to the ATV340 programming manual, page 11 for further operation details.

### **Description of the Plain Text Display Terminal (VW3A1113)**

The Plain Text Display Terminal is a local control unit which can be either plugged on the drive or mounted on the door of an enclosure with its dedicated door mounting kit (VW3A1114).



1 STOP / RESET: Stop command / apply a Fault Reset.

**2 ESC**: used to quit a menu/parameter or remove the currently displayed value in order to revert to the previous value retained in the memory

3 Graphic display.

4 Home: access directly the home page.

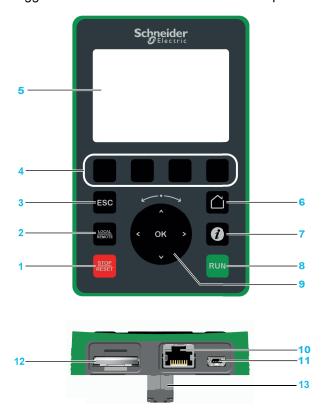
**5 RUN**: executes the function assuming it has been configured.

**6 Touch wheel / OK**: used to save the current value or access the selected menu/ parameter. It also allows to access more details on the displayed error codes. The touch wheel is used to scroll fast into the menus. Up/down arrows are used for precise selections, right/left arrows are used to select digits when setting a numerical value of a parameter.

**NOTE:** Keys 1, 5 and 6 can be used to control the drive if control via the Display Terminal is activated. To activate the keys on the Display Terminal, you first need to set [Ref Freq 1 Config]  $F \cap I$  to [Ref.Freq-Rmt.Term]  $L \cap I$ .

### **Description of the Graphic Display Terminal (VW3A1111)**

The Graphic Display Terminal is a local control unit which can be mounted on the door of an enclosure with its dedicated door mounting kit (VW3A1112). The Graphic Display Terminal embeds a real-time clock used for the time stamping of logged data and all other functions which require time information.



- 1 STOP / RESET: Stop command / apply a Fault Reset.
- **2 LOCAL / REMOTE**: used to switch between local and remote control of the drive.
- **3 ESC**: used to quit a menu/parameter or remove the currently displayed value in order to revert to the previous value retained in the memory
- **4 F1 to F4**: function keys used to access drive id, QR code, quick view, and submenus. Simultaneous press of F1 and F4 keys generates a screenshot file in the Graphic Display Terminal internal memory.
- 5 Graphic display.
- **6 Home**: used to access directly at the home page.
- **7 Information**: used to have more information about menus, submenus, and parameters. The selected parameter code is displayed on the first line of the information page.
- **8 RUN**: executes the function assuming it has been configured.
- **9 Touch wheel / OK**: used to save the current value or access the selected menu/ parameter. The touch wheel is used to scroll fast into the menus. Up/down arrows are used for precise selections, right/left arrows are used to select digits when setting a numerical value of a parameter.
- **10 RJ45 Modbus serial port**: used to connect the Graphic Display Terminal to the drive in remote control.
- 11 Mini-B USB port: used to connect the Graphic Display Terminal to a computer.
- **12 Battery** (10 years service life. Type: CR2032). The battery positive pole points to the front face of the Graphic Display Terminal .

**13 RJ45 male connector**: used to plug the Display Terminal on the Altivar or the door mounting kit. .

**NOTE:** Keys 1, 8 and 9 can be used to control the drive if control via the Display Terminal is activated. To activate the keys on the Display Terminal, you first need to set **[Ref Freq 1 Config]** F r I to **[Ref.Freq-Rmt.Term]** L C C.

### **Graphic Display Terminal Connected to a Computer**

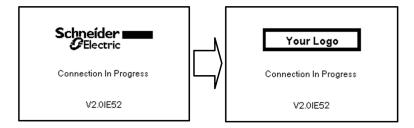
### NOTICE

#### RISK OF DAMAGE TO THE COMPUTER

Do not connect the Graphic Display Terminal to the drive via a Modbus RJ45 link and to the computer via a USB link at the same time.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

# How to customize the logo displayed at power on of the Graphic Display Terminal?



From the firmware version V2.0 of the Graphic Display Terminal, the logo displayed at power on by the Graphic Display Terminal can be customized. By default, the Schneider-Electric logo is displayed.

To modify the displayed logo, you must:

- Create your own logo and save it as a bitmap file (.bmp) with the name logo\_ ini. The logo must be saved in black & white and the dimensions must be 137x32 pixels.
- Connect the Graphic Display Terminal to a computer via an USB cable.
- Copy your logo (logo\_init.bmp) in the folder KPCONFIG of the Graphic Display Terminal.

At next power on of the Graphic Display Terminal connected to the drive, your own logo should be displayed.

If the logo of Schneider-Electric is still displayed, verify the characteristics of your file and the location where it has been copied.

### **Green Premium**™

### **Description**

Information on the environmental impact of products, their resource efficiency, and end-of-life instructions.

### **Easy access to information: "Check Your Product"**

Certificates and relevant product information available at the address:

www.se.com/green-premium

You can download RoHS and REACh compliance declarations, Product Environmental Profiles (PEP) and End-of-Life instructions (EoLi).



## **Altivar Efficiency Calculator**

### **Description**

This tool calculates the level of energy efficiency of your variable speed drive according to the Ecodesign standard EN/IEC 61800-9-2.

In 2 specific cases:

- Drive Efficiency (CDM Complete Drive Module):
   Performance is determined according to 8 operating points taking into account torque and speed.
- System Efficiency (PDS Power Drive System):

This includes the efficiency of the variable speed drive and its motor. Performance is determined according to 8 operating points taking into account torque and speed.

### Easy access to the tool

The tool is available at the address: altivar-efficiency-calculator.se.app

## **Steps for Setting Up the Drive**

#### INSTALLATION



### Receive and inspect the drive controller

- Check that the catalog number printed on the label is the same as that on the purchase order.
- Remove the drive from its packaging and check that it has not been damaged.



### Verify the supply mains

Verify that the supply mains is compatible with the power part supply range of the drive.

Steps 1 to 4 must be performed with the power off.



## 3 Mount the drive

- Mount the drive in accordance with the instructions in this document.
- ☐ Install the transformer(s), if any.
- ☐ Install any internal and external options.



### Wire the drive

- Connect the motor, ensuring that its connections correspond to the voltage.
- Connect the supply mains, after making sure that the power is off.
- Connect the control.



**PROGRAMMING** 

**Refer to the Programming Manual** 

## **Preliminary Instructions**

## **Verify the Delivery of the Drive**

Damaged products or accessories may cause electric shock or unanticipated equipment operation.

### **AADANGER**

#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK OR UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

Do not use damaged products or accessories.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Contact your local Schneider Electric sales office if you detect any damage whatsoever.

Step	Action
1	Remove the drive from the packaging and verify that it has not been damaged
2	Verify that the catalog number printed on the nameplate corresponds to the purchase order.

### **Handling and Storage**

### **AWARNING**

#### **INCORRECT HANDLING**

- Follow all handling instructions provided in this manual and in all associated product documentation.
- · Handle and store the product in its original packaging.
- Do not handle and store the product if the packaging is damaged or appears to be damaged.
- Take all measures required to avoid damage to the product and other hazards when handling or opening the packaging.

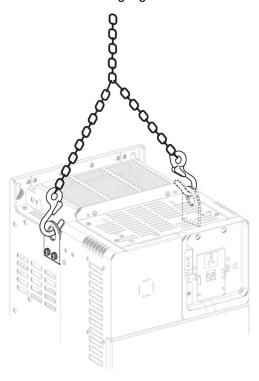
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

To help protect the product before installation, handle and store it in its packaging. Ensure that the specified ambient conditions are followed.

## **Handling the Drive**

The drives of frame sizes 1, 2 and 3 can be removed from their packaging and installed without a handling device.

The drives of frame sizes 4 and 5 require a handling device; for this reason, these drives include lifting lugs.



Technical Data Variable Speed Drives

### **Technical Data**

#### **Mechanical Data**

#### **Environmental Conditions**

#### Withstand to harsh environments

- Storage short time and transportation: 2C1, conforming to IEC/EN 60721-3-2
- · Storage long time: 1C1, Conforming to IEC/EN 60721-3-1
- Chemical class: 3C3, conforming to IEC/EN 60721-3-3
- Mechanical class: 3S3, conforming to IEC/EN 60721-3-3

### **Climatic Environmental Conditions for Storage and Transportation**

Ambient air temperature for all frame sizes: -40...70 °C, -40...158 °F

#### NOTE:

- The environment during transport and storage must be dry and dust-free.
- The bearing and transport temperature must remain within the specified range.

### **Relative Humidity**

Without dripping water and without condensation: 5...95%

### **Climatic Environmental Conditions for Operation**

The maximum permissible ambient temperature during operation depends on the mounting distances between the devices and on the required power. Observe the pertinent instructions in the chapter Drive Mounting, page 54.

**NOTE:** The drive is designed to be used in a controlled indoor environment.

#### **Ambient Air Temperature Ranges**

Drive frame Size			Temperature in Heavy Duty		Comments
1. 2 and 3	°C	-1540	°C	-1550	Without derating
	°F	5104	°F	5122	
1, 2 and 3	°C	4050	°C	5060	With derating
	°F	104122	°F	122140	
	°C		°C	-1550	Without derating
4 and 5	°F		°F	5122	
	°C		°C	5060	With derating
	°F		°F	122140	

Variable Speed Drives Technical Data

### **Operating Altitude**

Operating possibilities according to the altitude.

The altitude is given for the installation height above mean sea level.

Altitude	Derating			
Up to 1000 m (3300 ft)	0			
10002000 m (33006600 ft)	✓			
20003000 m (66009840 ft)	✓			
Legend:				
✓: Derate the nominal current of the drive by 1% for each additional 100 m.				
o: Without derating				

## **Pollution Degree and Degree of Protection**

• Degree of Pollution: 2

Degree of Protection: IP20

Technical Data Variable Speed Drives

## **Dimensions and Weights**

### **About the drawings**

All drawings CAD files can be downloaded from www.se.com

**NOTE:** The dimensions below do not include:

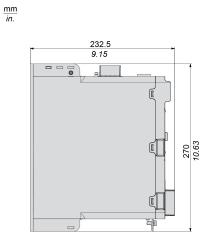
- A depth increase when using the optional plain text display terminal.
- On frame sizes 1, 2 and 3, a 50 mm (2 in.) distance for appropriate front control wiring,
- On frame sizes 4 and 5, a depth increase of 30 mm (1.2 in.) if using the
  additional slot option, or 50 mm (2 in.) if using the option together with the
  graphic display terminal. This option module takes place between the
  graphic display terminal and the drive, causing the depth value to be
  increased. It enables to connect a safety output module, an I/O or relay
  output module.

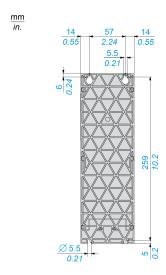
Variable Speed Drives Technical Data

### Frame Size 1

#### ATV340U07N4•... ATV340U40N4•

mm in. 85 3.35





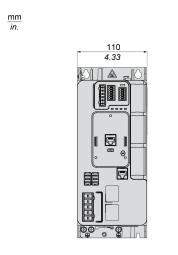
### Weights

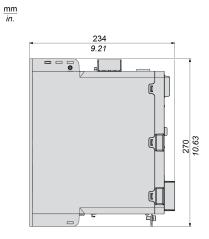
Catalog Number	Weight in kg (lb)
ATV340U07N4•, ATV340U15N4•	1.7 (3.7)
ATV340U22N4•	1.8 (4)
ATV340U30N4	2.1 (4.6)
ATV340U30N4E, ATV340U40N4	2.2 (4.8)
ATV340U40N4E	2.3 (5.1)

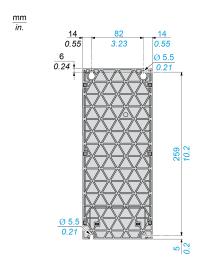
Technical Data Variable Speed Drives

### Frame Size 2

#### ATV340U55N4• and U75N4•







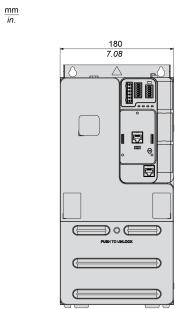
### Weights

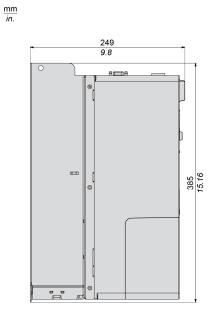
Catalog Number	Weight in kg (lb)
ATV340U55N4•	2.9 (6.4)
ATV340U75N4•	3 (6.6)

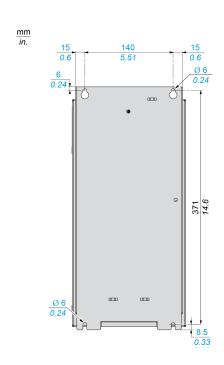
Variable Speed Drives Technical Data

### Frame Size 3

#### ATV340D11N4•... ATV340D22N4•







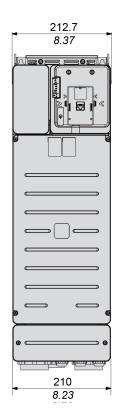
### Weights

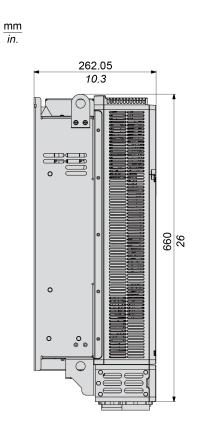
Catalog Number	Weight in kg (lb)
ATV340D11N4•, ATV340D15N4•	9.5 (20.9)
ATV340D18N4•, ATV340D22N4•	10.2 (22.5)

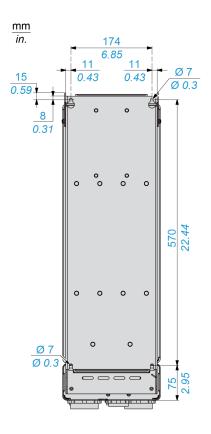
### Frame Size 4

#### IP20 Drives - ATV340D30N4E... ATV340D37N4E

 $\frac{\text{mm}}{\text{in.}}$ 

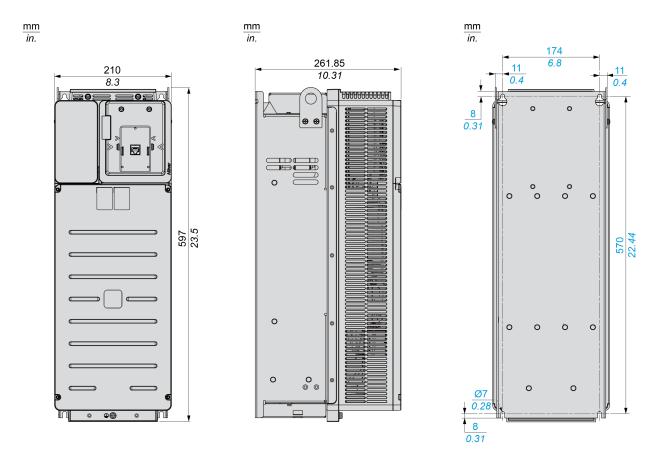






Catalog Number	Weight in kg (lb)
ATV340D30N4E	27.9 (61.5)
ATV340D37N4E	28.4 (62.6)

# IP20 Drives - ATV340D30N4EZ•... ATV340D37N4EZ•, except on Lower Part side (IP00) - Front, Side And Rear View

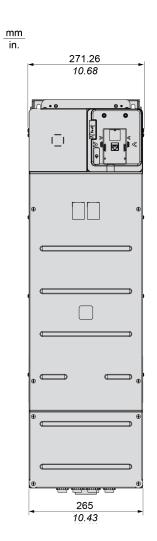


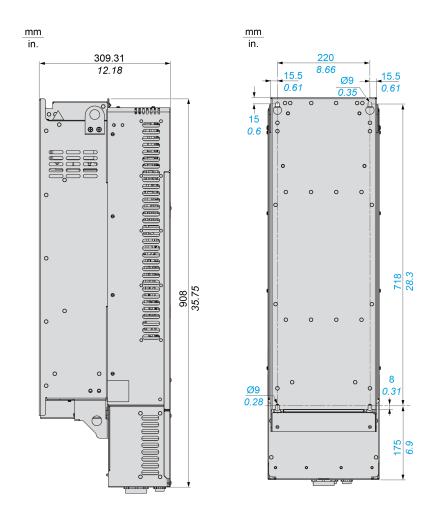
#### Weights

Catalog Number	Weight in kg (lb)
ATV340D30N4EZ•	25.8 (56.9)
ATV340D37N4EZ•	26 (57.3)

### Frame Size 5

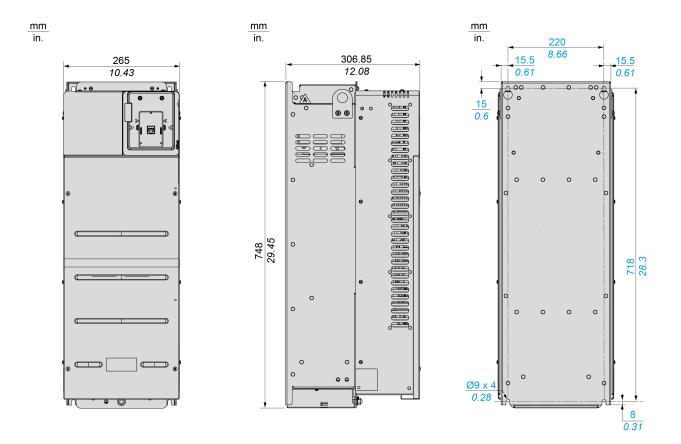
#### IP20 Drives ATV340D45N4E...ATV340D75N4E





Catalog Number	Weight in kg (lb)
ATV340D45N4E	56.4 (124.3)
ATV340D55N4E	57.9 (127.6)
ATV340D75N4E	58.4 (128.7)

# IP20 Drives ATV340D45N4EZ•...ATV340D75N4EZ•, except on Lower Part side (IP00) - Front, Side And Rear View



#### Weights

Catalog Number	Weight in kg (lb)
ATV340D45N4EZ•	52.5 (115.74)
ATV340D55N4EZ•	54 (119.05)
ATV340D75N4EZ•	54.5 (120.15)

# **Electrical Data - Drive Ratings and Braking Resistors**

### **Drive Ratings in Normal Duty**

### **Applications**

Altivar Machine variable speed drives are designed for use in two operating modes Heavy duty, page 43 and Normal duty. This enables to optimize the drive nominal rating according to the system constraints.

Normal duty (ND): Dedicated mode for applications requiring a slight overload (up to 110%) with a motor power one rating higher than the drive nominal power

#### NOTE:

- For fuse and circuit-breaker ratings refer to the information provided in the Altivar Machine 340 Getting Started Annex (SCCR) NVE37641 for UL/ CSA compliance and also in the catalog, page 11 for IEC compliance.
- For motor overload and drive thermal monitoring functions, refer to the Programming manual, page 11.

### 3-Phase 380 (-15%)...480 (+10%) Vac 50/60 Hz - Power Part Supply Ratings

				Power Part Supply							
Catalog Number and Frame		Nominal Power		Max. Input Current (1) Required			Current Harmonics Max. Inrus				
Size [x]	nu Frame			At 380 Vac	At 380 Vac At 480 Vac		with min. choke, THDi	Current (2)			
		kW	HP	Α	Α	mH	%	Α			
ATV340U07N4•	[1]	1.1	1.5	2.6	2.1	2	94	8.7			
ATV340U15N4•	[1]	2.2	3	5.1	4.1	2	77	8.7			
ATV340U22N4•	[1]	3	3	6.6	5.3	1.47	80	8.7			
ATV340U30N4•	[1]	4	5	8.6	6.8	1.1	80	36.1			
ATV340U40N4•	[1]	5.5	7	11.4	9.0	0.8	79	36.1			
ATV340U55N4•	[2]	7.5	10	15.3	12.2	0.58	82	45.3			
ATV340U75N4•	[2]	11	15	22.0	17.7	0.4	83	45.3			
ATV340D11N4•	[3]	15	20	28.8	23.0	0.3	82	80.8			
ATV340D15N4•	[3]	18.5	25	37.4	30.2	0.24	81	80.8			
ATV340D18N4•	[3]	22	30	43.4	35.0	0.2	81	60.6			
ATV340D22N4•	[3]	30	40	60.1	48.6	0.15	80	60.6			
ATV340D30N4E	[4]	37	50	66.2	57.3	_	< 48	92			
ATV340D37N4E	[4]	45	60	79.8	69.1	_	< 48	110			
ATV340D45N4E	[5]	55	75	97.2	84.2	_	< 48	176			
ATV340D55N4E	[5]	75	100	131.3	112.7	_	< 48	187			
ATV340D75N4E	[5]	90	125	156.2	135.8	_	< 48	236			
(1)		rame size 4 and e reduced.	d 5 use an integ	grated DC choke	, therewith the r	mains current ha	armonics and th	e mains			

(2) Peak current when power is switched on, for the maximum supply mains voltage.

# 3-Phase 380 (-15%)...480 (+10%) Vac 50/60 Hz - Drive Power Part Output Ratings

#### NOTE:

- At maximum ambient temperature of 40°C (104 °F), use of a mains choke is obligatory for drive frame size 1, 2 and 3.
- At maximum ambient temperature of 50°C (122 °F) for drive frame size 4 and 5.

				Drive Power Part Output						
Catalog Number and Frame Size [x]		Nominal Power		Nominal	Current (1)	Maximum transient current				
				At 380 Vac	At 380 Vac At 480 Vac		2 s (3)			
		kW	НР	Α	Α	Α	Α			
ATV340U07N4•	[1]	1.1	1.5	2.8	2.6	3.1	3.8			
ATV340U15N4•	[1]	2.2	3	5.6	4.8	6.2	7.6			
ATV340U22N4•	[1]	3	3	7.2	6.8	7.9	9.7			
ATV340U30N4•	[1]	4	5	9.3	7.6	10.2	12.6			
ATV340U40N4•	[1]	5.5	7	12.7	11	14	17.1			
ATV340U55N4•	[2]	7.5	10	16.5	14	18.2	22.3			
ATV340U75N4•	[2]	11	15	24	21	26.4	32.4			
ATV340D11N4•	[3]	15	20	32	27	35.2	43.2			
ATV340D15N4•	[3]	18.5	25	39	34	42.9	52.7			
ATV340D18N4•	[3]	22	30	46	40	50.6	62.1			
ATV340D22N4•	[3]	30	40	62	52	68.2	83.7			
ATV340D30N4E	[4]	37	50	74.5	-1	89.4	not allowed			
ATV340D37N4E	[4]	45	60	88		105.6				
ATV340D45N4E	[5]	55	75	106		127.2				
ATV340D55N4E	[5]	75	100	145		174				
ATV340D75N4E	[5]	90	125	173		207.6				

The switching frequency is adjustable from:

(1)

(2)

 $\bullet$  2...16 kHz for drive frame sizes 1...3, rated value: 4 kHz

• 2...12 kHz for drive frame size 4, rated value: 4 kHz

• 2...8 kHz for drive frame size 5, rated value: 2.5 kHz

For operation at switching frequencies higher than the rated value. Derating must be applied to the drive (output) current, page 61. In this case, switching frequency can be reduced if an excessive temperature rise occurs.

The drive is designed to run up to 60 s at 110% of nominal current for frame sizes 1, 2 and 3.

The drive is designed to run up to 60 s at 120% of nominal current for frame sizes 4 and 5.

(3) The drives of frame sizes 1...3 are designed to run up to 2 s at 135% of nominal current.

### **Drive Ratings in Heavy Duty**

### **Applications**

Altivar Machine variable speed drives are designed for use in two operating modes Heavy duty and Normal duty, page 41. This enables to optimize the drive nominal rating according to the system constraints.

Heavy duty (HD) is a dedicated mode for applications requiring a significant overload (up to 150%) with a motor power identical to the drive nominal power

#### NOTE:

- For fuse and circuit-breaker ratings refer to the information provided in the Altivar Machine 340 Getting Started Annex (SCCR) NVE37641 for UL/ CSA compliance and also in the catalog, page 11 for IEC compliance.
- For motor overload and drive thermal monitoring functions, refer to the Programming manual, page 11.

### 3-Phase 380 (-15%)...480 (+10%) Vac 50/60 Hz - Power Part Supply Ratings

				Power Part Supply				
Catalog Number	Frame			Max. Input	Current (1)	Maximum prospective line Isc	Max. Inrush Current	
Catalog Number	Size			At 380 Vac	At 480 Vac	(2)	(3)	
		kW	HP	Α	Α	kA	Α	
ATV340U07N4•	1	0.75	1	3.4	2.6	5	8.7	
ATV340U15N4•	1	1.5	2	6	4.9	5	8.7	
ATV340U22N4•	1	2.2	3	8.4	6.6	5	8.7	
ATV340U30N4•	1	3	3	10.7	8.5	5	36.1	
ATV340U40N4•	1	4	5	13.4	10.6	5	36.1	
ATV340U55N4•	2	5.5	7	20	16	22	45.3	
ATV340U75N4•	2	7.5	10	25.6	20.4	22	45.3	
ATV340D11N4•	3	11	15	34.7	27.7	22	80.8	
ATV340D15N4•	3	15	20	44.9	35.7	22	80.8	
ATV340D18N4•	3	18.5	25	54.7	43.4	22	60.6	
ATV340D22N4•	3	22	30	63.5	50.6	22	60.6	
ATV340D30N4E	4	30	40	54.8	48.3	50	92	
ATV340D37N4E	4	37	50	67.1	59	50	110	
ATV340D45N4E	5	45	60	81.4	71.8	50	176	
ATV340D55N4•	5	55	75	98.9	86.9	50	187	
ATV340D75N4•	5	75	100	134.3	118.1	50	236	

(1) Drive frame size 4, 5 uses an integrated DC choke, therewith the mains current harmonics and the mains current are reduced.

(2) The drive is designed for a corresponding line supply. If the lsc is higher a mains choke must be used.

lsc: Short circuit current. See the Annex to the Getting Started (NVE37641) for UL Short Circuit Current Ratings (SCCR) values.

The products of frame sizes 1, 2 and 3 have no means integrated to reduce the mains current harmonics. The THDi is > 120%. If lower harmonics are required use a mains choke.

(3) Peak current when power is switched on, for the maximum supply mains voltage.

# 3-Phase 380 (-15%)...480 (+10%) Vac 50/60 Hz - Drive Power Part Output Ratings

				Power Part Supply					
Catalog Number	Frame	Nominal Power		Max. Input	Current (1)	Maximum prospective line lsc	Max. Inrush Current		
Catalog Number	Size			At 380 Vac	At 480 Vac	(2)	(3)		
		kW	HP	Α	Α	kA	Α		
ATV340U07N4•	1	0.75	1	2.2	2.1	3.3	4		
ATV340U15N4•	1	1.5	2	4	3.4	6	7.2		
ATV340U22N4•	1	2.2	3	5.6	4.8	8	10.1		
ATV340U30N4•	1	3	3	7.2	6.2	11	13		
ATV340U40N4•	1	4	5	9.3	7.6	14	16.7		
ATV340U55N4•	2	5.5	7	12.7	11	19.1	22.9		
ATV340U75N4•	2	7.5	10	16.5	14	24.8	29.7		
ATV340D11N4•	3	11	15	24	21	36	43		
ATV340D15N4•	3	15	20	32	27	48	58		
ATV340D18N4•	3	18.5	25	39	34	59	70		
ATV340D22N4•	3	22	30	46	40	69	83		
ATV340D30N4E	4	30	40	6	1.5	92.3			
ATV340D37N4E	4	37	50	74.5		111.8			
ATV340D45N4E	5	45	60	88		88 132 not			
ATV340D55N4E	5	55	75	11	106 159				
ATV340D75N4E	5	75	100	1-	45	217.5			

(1) The switching frequency is adjustable from:

• 2...16 kHz for drive frame sizes 1...3, rated value: 4 kHz

• 2...12 kHz for drive frame size 4, rated value: 4 kHz

• 2...8 kHz for drive frame size 5, rated value: 2.5 kHz

For operation at switching frequencies higher than the rated value. Derating must be applied to the drive (output) current, page 61. In this case, switching frequency can be reduced if an excessive temperature rise occurs.

(2) The drive is designed to run up to 60 s at 150% of nominal current.

(3) The drives of frame sizes 1...3 are designed to run up to 2 s at 180% of nominal current.

# **Braking Resistors**

#### **General**

Braking resistors allow the drives to operate while braking to a standstill or during slowdown braking, by dissipating the braking energy. They enable maximum transient braking torque.

- For a detailed description and catalog numbers, refer to the catalog, page 11.
- For mounting instructions, wiring diagrams and other information, refer to the instruction sheet NHA87388 supplied with the resistor and available on www. se.com.

### **Minimum Resistor Values**

Minimum allowed value of the resistor to be connected

Catalog Number	Minimum Value in Ω
ATV340U07N4•	78
ATV340U15N4•	56
ATV340U22N4•	52
ATV340U30N4•	34
ATV340U40N4•	31
ATV340U55N4•	31
ATV340U75N4•	28
ATV340D11N4•	16

Catalog Number	Minimum Value in Ω
ATV340D15N4•	16
ATV340D18N4•	15
ATV340D22N4•	10
ATV340D30N4E•	10
ATV340D37N4E•	10
ATV340D45N4E•	2.5
ATV340D55N4E•	2.5
ATV340D75N4E•	2.5

# **Electrical Data - Upstream Protective Device**

#### Introduction

#### **Overview**

### **AADANGER**

# INSUFFICIENT PROTECTION AGAINST OVERCURRENTS CAN CAUSE FIRE OR EXPLOSION

- Use properly rated overcurrent protection devices.
- · Use the fuses/circuit breakers specified.
- Do not connect the product to a supply mains whose prospective short circuit current rating (current that flows during a short circuit) exceeds the specified maximum permissible value.
- When rating the upstream mains fuses and the cross sections as well as the lengths of the mains cables, take into account the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc). Refer to the Upstream Protection Device section.
- If the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc) is not available, increase the power of the transformer or decrease the length of the cables.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The values and products for IEC compliance are specified in the catalog.

The values and products for IEC compliance are specified in the present manual. Refer to the Prospective Short-Circuit Section, page 48.

The values and products for UL/CSA compliance are specified in the annex provided with the product.

#### General

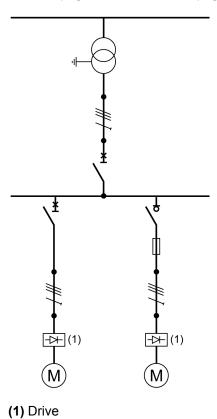
- The Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD) rated to the drive will help protect
  the upstream installation in case of a short-circuit internal to the drive and
  mitigate the damage to the drive and its surrounding area.
- The SCPD rated to the drive is mandatory to help ensuring the safety of the Power Drive System.
  - It comes in addition to the upstream branch circuit protection which is in compliance with the local regulation for electrical installation.
- The SCPD shall mitigate the damage in case of detected error condition such as an internal short-circuit of the drive.
- The SCPD must take into account both following characteristics...
  - a maximum prospective short-circuit current
  - a minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc).

If the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (Isc) is not available, increase the power of the transformer or decrease the length of the cables

In other cases, contact your Schneider Electric Customer Care Center (CCC) www.se.com/CCC for specific selection of Short Circuit Protective Device (SCPD).

# **Wiring Diagram**

This diagram shows an example of installation with both SCPD types, Circuit-breaker, page 51 and Fuse link, page 52 rated to the drive.



# **Prospective Short-Circuit Current**

#### Calculation

The prospective short-circuit current shall be computed at the drive connection points.

We recommend using the Schneider Electric tool Ecodial Advance Calculation

available on www.se.com/en/product-range-presentation/61013-ecodial-advance-calculation/

The following equations allow to estimate the value of the symmetrical three-phase prospective short-circuit current (Isc) at the drive connection points.

$$Xt = \frac{U^{2}}{Sn} \cdot usc$$

$$Zcc = \sqrt{\left(\rho \cdot \frac{I}{S} + Rf\right)^{2} + \left(Xt + XcJ + Xf\right)^{2}}$$

$$Isc = \frac{U}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{Zcc}$$

Isc Symmetrical three-phase prospective short-circuit current (kA)

Xt Transformer reactance

U No-load phase to phase voltage of the transformer (V)

**Sn** Apparent transformer power (kVA)

usc Short-circuit voltage, according to the transformer data sheet (%)

 $\emph{Zcc}$  Total short-circuit impedance (m $\Omega$ )

 $\rho$  Conductor resistivity e.g. Cu: 0.01851 mΩ.mm

Conductor length (mm)

S Conductor cross section (mm²)

Xc Conductor lineic reactance (0.0001 mΩ/mm)

 $\textit{\textbf{Rf, Xf}} \quad \text{Resistance and reactance of the line filter (m}\Omega)$  , page 50

# **Example of Calculation with Copper Cable (without line filter)**

Transformer	U	Cable Cross	Isc dep	ending or	n cable len	gth in m(ft	)			
50 Hz	400 Vac Usc	Section	10	20	40	80	100	160	200	320
			(33)	(66)	(131)	(262)	(328)	(525)	(656)	(1,050)
kVA	%	mm² (AWG)	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA	kA
100	4	2.5 (14)	2.3	1.4	0.8	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1
		4 (12)	2.9	2.0	1.2	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
		6 (10)	3.2	2.6	1.6	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	3.4	3.1	2.3	1.4	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.5	2.2	1.6	1.4	0.9
		50 (0)	3.5	3.5	3.3	3.0	2.8	2.3	2.1	1.5
		70 (00)	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.3	1.8
		120 (250 MCM)	3.6	3.5	3.4	3.2	3.1	2.8	2.6	2.1
250	4	6 (10)	5.7	3.4	1.8	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	7.1	5.0	2.9	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	8.4	7.4	5.5	3.4	2.8	1.8	1.5	0.9
		50 (0)	8.6	8.1	7.0	5.2	4.5	3.2	2.7	1.8
		70 (00)	8.6	8.2	7.3	5.8	5.2	3.9	3.3	2.3
		120 (250 MCM)	8.7	8.3	7.6	6.5	6.0	4.8	4.2	3.0
400	4	6 (10)	6.6	3.6	1.8	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	9.2	5.6	3.0	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	12	9.9	6.5	3.6	2.9	1.9	1.5	1.0
		50 (0)	13	12	9.3	6.1	5.1	3.4	2.8	1.8
		70 (00)	13	12	10	7.2	6.2	4.4	3.6	2.4
		120 (250 MCM)	13	13	11	8.6	7.6	5.7	4.9	3.4
800	6	6 (10)	6.9	3.7	1.9	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	10	5.8	3.0	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	15	11	6.9	3.7	3.0	1.9	1.5	1.0
		50 (0)	17	15	11	6.5	5.4	3.5	2.9	1.8
		70 (00)	17	15	12	7.9	6.7	4.6	3.7	2.4
		120 (250 MCM)	17	16	13	9.8	8.6	6.2	5.2	3.5
1,000	6	6 (10)	7.1	3.7	1.9	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.2
		10 (8)	11	6.0	3.1	1.5	1.2	0.8	0.6	0.4
		25 (4)	18	12	7.1	3.7	3.0	1.9	1.5	1.0
		50 (0)	21	17	12	6.7	5.5	3.6	2.9	1.8
		70 (00)	21	18	13	8.4	7.0	4.7	3.8	2.4
		120 (250 MCM)	22	19	16	11	9.3	6.5	5.4	3.6

### **Additional Line Filter Option**

If a line input filter option is required for the installation such as a line reactor or a passive harmonic filter, the minimum prospective short-circuit current capability of the source is reduced at the drive connection point and shall be estimated (see Calculation, page 48) with the impedance values given in the table below.

Then, the SCPD type shall be selected according to the drive. If no selection is available, Schneider Electric Customer Care Center (CCC) www.se.com/CCC should be contacted.

EMC filter series have no significant effect on the minimum prospective short-circuit current capability of the main source.

Through the line option, the lsc will be limited to a maximum value independent of the transformer and cable. Therefore the below equations can be used to estimate the minimum prospective short-circuit current capability.

$$10 m\Omega \le Xf \le 400 m\Omega$$
  $\Rightarrow$   $Isc_{maxi}(kA) = 4.7 - 0.7 \cdot Log(Xf)$ 

$$400 \, m\Omega \le Xf \le 2000 \, m\Omega \quad \Rightarrow \quad Isc_{\text{maxi}} \, (kA) = 2.05 - 0.26 \cdot \text{Log}(Xf)$$

Log: Natural logarithm

#### **Line Choke Filters Impedance Values**

Line Choke Filter	Xf in mΩ
VZ1L004M010, VW3A4551	700
VZ1L007UM50, VW3A4552	300
VZ1L018UM20, VW3A4553	100
VW3A4554	70
VW3A4555	30
VW3A4556	20

# **IEC Type Circuit-Breaker as SCPD**

#### **Function**

The circuit-breaker offers enhanced features versus fuse-link since it cumulates 3 functionalities:

- · insulation with lock,
- · switch (full load interruption),
- · downstream short-circuit protection without replacement.

#### **Selection Table**

Schneider Electric circuit-breaker, setting and limits shall be selected according to the following table:

Catalog Number	Circuit-Breaker to IEC	lr m	Minimum Isc
60947-2		(A)	(A)
ATV340U07N4•	GV2L08	51	100
ATV340U15N4•	GV2L10	78	200
ATV340U22N4•	GV2L14	138	300
ATV340U30N4•, ATV340U40N4•	GV2L16	170	300
ATV340U55N4•	GV2L22	327	600
ATV340U75N4•	GV3L32	448	700
ATV340D11N4•	GV3L40	560	900
ATV340D15N4•	GV3L50	700	1,100
ATV340D18N4•, ATV340D22N4•	GV3L65	910	1,800
ATV340D30N4E+, ATV340D37N4E+	GV4L80	480	1,800
ATV340D45N4E+, ATV340D55N4E+	GV4L115	690	2,500
ATV340D75N4E•	NSX250-MA220	1,980	4,700

**NOTE:** Verify that the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (lsc) value from the table above is lower than the value estimated in the Calculation section, page 48.

### **IEC Fuses**

#### **Selection Table**

Current limiting fuses can be chosen as SCPD according to the following table:

Catalog Number	Fuse gR-aR	Minimum Isc
	to IEC 60269-4	
	(A)	(A)
ATV340U07N4•	8	100
ATV340U15N4•	12,5	200
ATV340U22N4•	16	200
ATV340U30N4•	20	200
ATV340U40N4•	25	300
ATV340U55N4•, ATV340U75N4•	40	500
ATV340D11N4•	63	1000
ATV340D15N4•	80	1500
ATV340D18N4•, ATV340D22N4•, ATV340D30N4E•	100	1500
ATV340D37N4E•, ATV340D45N4E•	125	2000
ATV340D55N4E•	160	2500
ATV340D75N4E•	200	4000

#### NOTE:

- Verify that the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (lsc) value from the table above is lower than the value estimated in the Calculation section, page 48.
- For information about fuses for maximum lsc, refer to the catalog, page 11.

### **UL Circuit-Breakers and Fuses**

#### **Reference Document**

UL Fuse and circuit-breaker information is provided in the Annex for ATV340 Getting Started (NVE37641).

### **Complementary Information**

The following table shows the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (lsc) depending on the drive and **associated circuit-breaker**.

Catalog Number	PowerPact	Minimum Isc
	Circuit-breakers	(A)
ATV340U07N4•, ATV340U15N4•	H•L36015	1,500
ATV340U22N4•, ATV340U30N4•	H•L36015	1,500
ATV340U40N4•	H•L36020	1,500
ATV340U55N4•	H•L36025	1,500
ATV340U75N4•	H•L36035	1,700
ATV340D11N4•	H•L36045	1,700
ATV340D15N4•	H•L36060	3,000
ATV340D18N4•	H•L36070	3,000
ATV340D22N4•	H•L36090	3,000
ATV340D30N4•	H•L36125	3,500
ATV340D37N4•	H•L36150	3,500
ATV340D45N4•	H•L36175	3,500
ATV340D55N4•	H•L36200	4,000
ATV340D75N4•	H•L36250	5,000

The following table shows the minimum required prospective short-circuit current (lsc) depending on the drive and **associated class J fuse**, according to UL248-8.

Catalog Number	Class J Fuse	Minimum Isc
	to UL248-8	(4)
	(A)	(A)
ATV340U07N4•	6	300
ATV340U15N4•	12	500
ATV340U22N4•	15	500
ATV340U30N4•	20	500
ATV340U40N4•	25	1,000
ATV340U55N4•, ATV340U75N4•	40	1,500
ATV340D11N4•	60	2,000
ATV340D15N4•	70	2,000
ATV340D30N4•	90	2,500
ATV340D18N4•, ATV340D22N4•, ATV340D37N4•	100	2,500
ATV340D45N4•	150	3,500
ATV340D55N4•, ATV340D75N4•	200	5,000

# **Drive Mounting**

# **Mounting Conditions**

### **Before You Begin**

Conductive foreign objects may cause parasitic voltage.

### **AADANGER**

#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK AND/OR UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- Keep foreign objects such as chips, screws or wire clippings from getting into the product.
- Verify correct seat of seals and cable entries in order to avoid deposits and humidity.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The temperature of the products described in this manual may exceed 80 °C (176 °F) during operation.

#### **▲** WARNING

#### **HOT SURFACES**

- · Ensure that any contact with hot surfaces is avoided.
- Do not allow flammable or heat-sensitive parts in the immediate vicinity of hot surfaces.
- Verify that the product has sufficiently cooled down before handling it.
- Verify that the heat dissipation is sufficient by performing a test run under maximum load conditions.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Power Drive Systems (PDS) can generate strong local electrical and magnetic fields. This can cause interference in electromagnetically sensitive devices.

### **▲WARNING**

#### **ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELDS**

- Keep persons with electronic medical implants, such as pacemakers, away from the equipment.
- Do not place electromagnetically sensitive devices in the vicinity of the equipment.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Drive Mounting Variable Speed Drives

# **Attach A Label With Safety Instructions**

A label kit is provided with the drive.

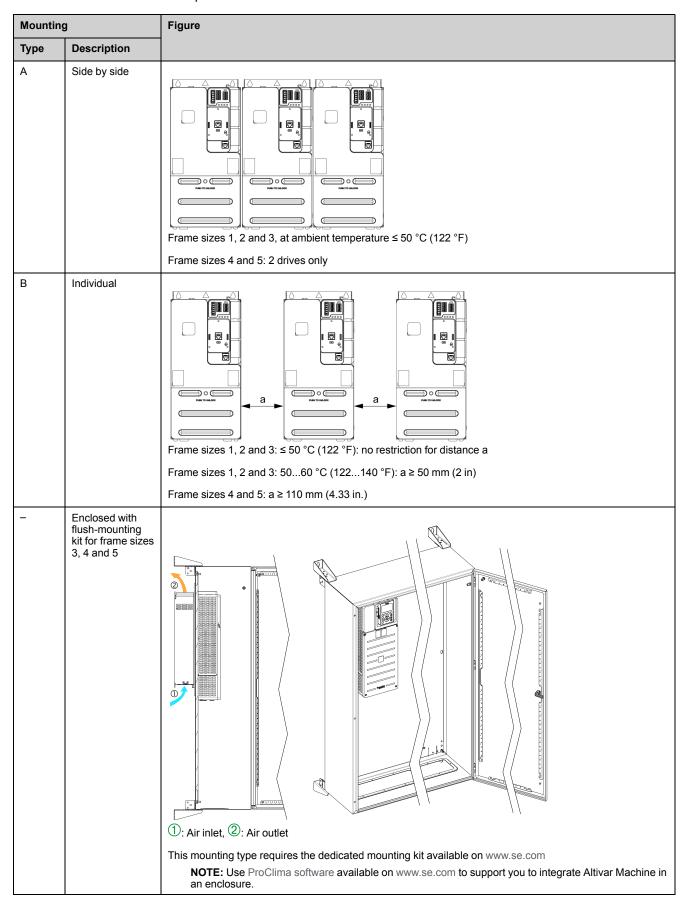
Step	Action		
1	Observe the safety regulations in the target country		
2	Select the label suitable for the target country		
3	Attach the label to the front of the device so that it is clearly visible. Below is the English version. The label can vary depending on the frame size of the product.  ADANGER  BECTRIC SHOOK, EXPLOSION, ON ANC FLASH. To service, remove all power.  - Wait 15 minutes - Verify no voltage is present. Failure to comply will result in death or serious injury  NOTE: Products used in Canada according to CSA C22.2 no.274 must comply with the requirement defined by the Canadian Advisory council of Electrical Safety		
	(CACES).		
	It defines that dual language (French and English) safety labeling is required on all products for use in Canada.		
	To fulfill this requirement, add the French language safety label on the front panel of the product.		

# **Webserver default Password**

If the Nameplate is not visible after the drive mounting phase, note or take a photo of the webserver default password, page 21.

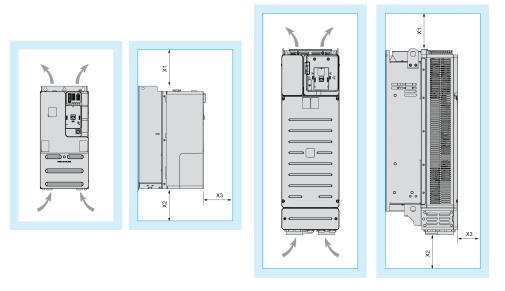
# **Mounting Types**

This table shows the possible mounting types and the resulting IP degree of protection.



Drive Mounting Variable Speed Drives

# **Clearances and Mounting Position in the Cabinet**



#### Minimum clearance regarding the drive frame size

Frame Size	X1	X2	Х3
1, 2 and 3	≥ 100 mm (3.94 in.) (a)	≥ 100 mm (3.94 in.) (a)	≥ 60 mm (2.36 in.) (b)
4 and 5	≥ 100 mm (3.94 in.)	≥ 100 mm (3.94 in.)	≥ 10 mm (0.39 in.) (c) (d)

- (a) Frame sizes 1, 2 and 3 can be fitted with optional EMC kits. These kits could require more free space to cabinet top or bottom
- (b) Frame sizes 1, 2 and 3 use front wiring and allow to plug plain text display terminal.
- (c) Take into account that the use of the additional module support VW3A3800 requires an increase of  $30 \ mm$  (1.2 in.) for slot C.
- (d) Take into account that the use of the advanced graphic display terminal, if using the additional module support VW3A3800 together, requires an increase of 50mm (2 in.).

# **General Mounting Instructions**

- Install the drive in a cabinet or in a technical room. No wall mounting installation supported.
- Install drives of frame sizes 1 and 2 on a grounded back plane to improve EMC.
- Mount the drive in a vertical position. This is required for cooling the drive.
- Attach it on the mounting surface in compliance with standards, using the screws with captive washer according to the table given in Mounting Procedures, page 68.
- The use of washers is required with all mounting screws.
- Tighten the fixation screws.
- Do not mount the device close to heat sources.
- Avoid environmental effects like high temperatures and high humidity as well as dust, dirt and conductive gases.
- Adhere to the minimum installation distances for required cooling.
- · Do not mount the device on flammable materials.
- Install the drive on a solid, vibration-free support.
- Maintain all wiring on backplates or by using existing EMC kits to avoid stress on connectors.
- For frame sizes 1, 2 and 3, use only the connectors supplied with the product for wiring. Connector kits are also available, refer to the catalog, page 11.

### **Power Dissipated in Heavy Duty Mode**

**NOTE:** The data is given for rated output current, rated output power and nominal switching frequency. Frame sizes 1...4: 4 kHz, frame size 5: 2.5 kHz.

Catalog Number	Frame	Nominal	Power	Power Dissipated (1)			Minimum air flow	
	Size			Cooled Area Tota		Total	rate required	
				Forced	Natural			
		kW	HP	W	W	w	m³/hour	ft³/min
ATV340U07N4•	1	0.75	1	49	N/A	49	18	11
ATV340U15N4•	1	1.5	2	69	N/A	69	18	11
ATV340U22N4•	1	2.2	3	90	N/A	90	18	11
ATV340U30N4•	1	3	3	112	N/A	112	19	11
ATV340U40N4•	1	4	5	136	N/A	136	19	11
ATV340U55N4•	2	5.5	7	196	N/A	196	76	45
ATV340U75N4•	2	7.5	10	256	N/A	256	76	45
ATV340D11N4•	3	11	15	313	50	363	128	75
ATV340D15N4•	3	15	20	443	55	498	128	75
ATV340D18N4•	3	18.5	25	559	61	620	128	75
ATV340D22N4•	3	22	30	680	66	746	128	75
ATV340D30N4E•	4	30	40	661	113	774	240	141
ATV340D37N4E•	4	37	50	780	123	903	240	141
ATV340D45N4E•	5	45	60	776	143	919	295	174
ATV340D55N4E•	5	55	75	987	156	1143	295	174
ATV340D75N4E•	5	75	100	1364	185	1549	295	174

(1) The total losses are the sum of the losses in Forced cooled area, and the Natural cooled area (see below). When using the Push through/Flush mounting kit for frame size 3, 4 and 5 the losses of the forced cooled area are outside the cabinet.

Drive Mounting Variable Speed Drives

# **Power Dissipated in Normal Duty Mode**

**NOTE:** The data is given for rated output current, rated output power and nominal switching frequency. Frame sizes 1...4: 4 kHz, frame size 5: 2.5 kHz.

Catalog Number	Frame	Nominal	Power	Power Dissipated (1)			Minimum air flow rate required	
	Size			Cooled Area Total				
				Forced	Natural			
		kW	HP	W	W	w	m³/hour	ft³/min
ATV340U07N4•	1	1.1	1.5	61	N/A	61	18	11
ATV340U15N4•	1	2.2	3	94	N/A	94	18	11
ATV340U22N4•	1	3	3	122	N/A	122	18	11
ATV340U30N4•	1	4	5	141	N/A	141	19	11
ATV340U40N4•	1	5.5	7	200	N/A	200	19	11
ATV340U55N4•	2	7.5	10	256	N/A	256	76	45
ATV340U75N4•	2	11	15	369	N/A	369	76	45
ATV340D11N4•	3	15	20	430	55	485	128	75
ATV340D15N4•	3	18.5	25	563	61	624	128	75
ATV340D18N4•	3	22	30	585	66	651	128	75
ATV340D22N4•	3	30	40	820	78	898	128	75
ATV340D30N4E•	4	37	50	802	122	924	240	141
ATV340D37N4E•	4	45	60	949	132	1081	240	141
ATV340D45N4E•	5	55	75	933	155	1088	295	174
ATV340D55N4E•	5	75	100	1389	185	1574	295	174
ATV340D75N4E•	5	90	125	1899	205	2104	295	174

<sup>(1)</sup> The total losses are the sum of the losses in Forced cooled area, and the Natural cooled area (see below). When using the Push through/Flush mounting kit for frame size 3, 4 and 5 the losses of the forced cooled area are outside the cabinet.

### **Constant Losses**

**NOTE:** If an interface is not used, the associated losses must not be considered.

Device	Connector	Losses in W
Display terminal	НМІ	1.5
Analog IOs	CN6	1.5
Onboard Encoder	CN3	0.5
Module Slot A/GP-FB	-	3
Module Slot B/GP-ENC	-	3
Module Slot C/GP-SF / Advanced Ethernet / Sercos III	- / Eth1, 2 / S3P1, S3P2	1
Digital inputs	CN6	1
200 mA output	CN2	4.8
Sum:	•	16.3

Drive Mounting Variable Speed Drives

# **Derating Curves**

### **Description**

Derating curves for the nominal drive current (In) as a function of temperature and switching frequency. Refer to the Mounting Conditions chapter, page 54 for the mounting types description.

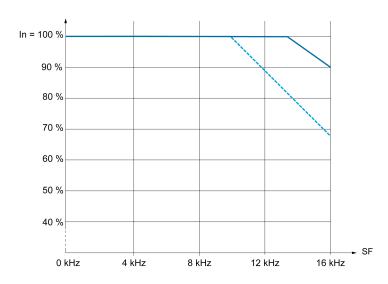
#### Frame Size 1 - 0.7 kW

No derating required.

NOTE: For 60°C operation:

- · Type B mounting required
- · No plain text display terminal plugged

#### Frame Size 1 - 1.5 kW



40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A

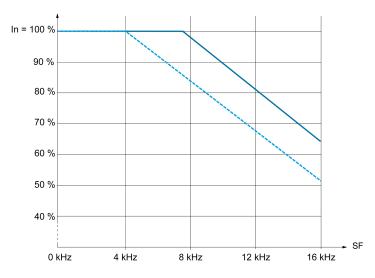
••••• 50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type A

In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature 10°C less than the given temperatures.

**NOTE:** For 60°C operation:

- Type B mounting required
- · No plain text display terminal plugged
- · No current derating needed

### Frame Size 1 - 2.2 kW



40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A

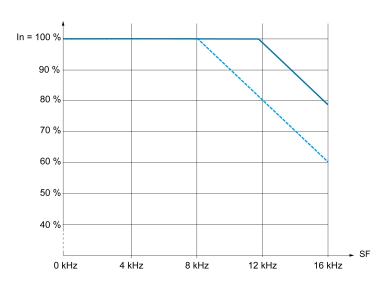
50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type A

In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature 10°C less than the given temperatures.

**NOTE:** For 60°C operation:

- · Type B mounting required
- No plain text display terminal plugged
- · No current derating needed

### Frame Size 1 - 3 kW



■ 40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A

50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type A

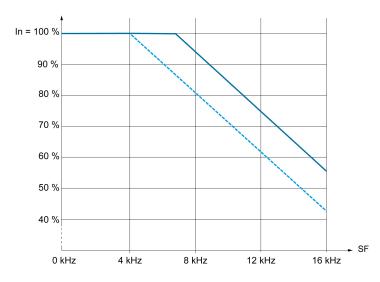
In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature 10°C less than the given temperatures.

**NOTE:** For 60°C operation:

- Type B mounting required
- · No plain text display terminal plugged
- · No current derating needed

Drive Mounting Variable Speed Drives

### Frame Size 1 - 4 kW



40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A

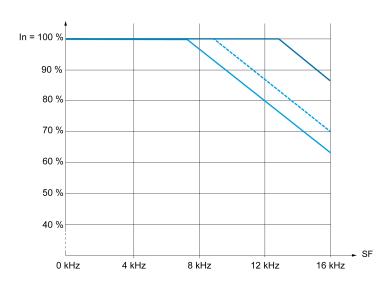
••••• 50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type A

In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$  less than the given temperatures.

**NOTE:** For 60°C operation:

- · Type B mounting required
- · No plain text display terminal plugged
- · No current derating needed

### Frame Size 2 - 5.5 kW



40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A and B

---- 50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type A and B

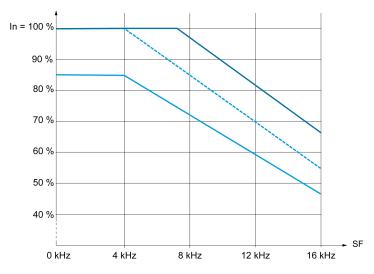
60 °C (140 °F) - Mounting type B

In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature 10°C less than the given temperatures.

NOTE: For 60°C operation:

- · No side-by-side mounting
- · No plain text display terminal plugged

### Frame Size 2 - 7.5 kW



40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A and B

50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type A and B

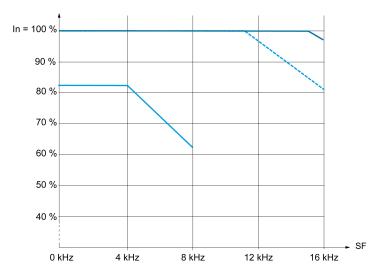
60 °C (140 °F) - Mounting type B

In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature 10°C less than the given temperatures.

**NOTE:** For 60°C operation:

- · No side-by-side mounting
- · No plain text display terminal plugged

### Frame Size 3 - 11 kW



40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A and B

---- 50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type B

60 °C (140 °F) - Mounting type B

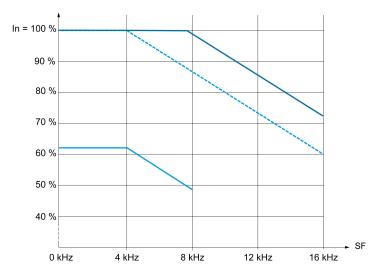
In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature 10°C less than the given temperatures.

#### NOTE:

- For operation > 40°C: No side-by-side mounting
- For operation > 50°C: No plain text display terminal plugged

Drive Mounting Variable Speed Drives

### Frame Size 3 - 15 kW



40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A and B

•••• 50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type B

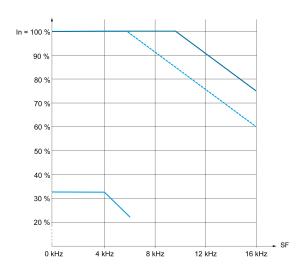
60 °C (140 °F) - Mounting type B

In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature 10°C less than the given temperatures.

#### NOTE:

- For operation > 40°C: No side-by-side mounting
- For operation > 50°C: No plain text display terminal plugged

#### Frame Size 3 - 18.5 kW



40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A and B

50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type B

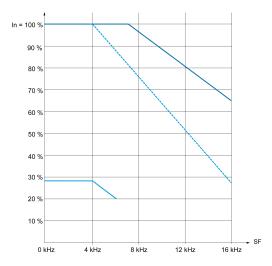
60 °C (140 °F) - Mounting type B

In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$  less than the given temperatures.

#### NOTE:

- For operation > 40°C: No side-by-side mounting
- For operation > 50°C: No plain text display terminal plugged

### Frame Size 3 - 22 kW



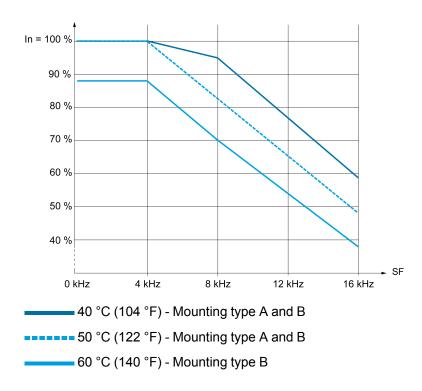
40 °C (104 °F) - Mounting type A and B
50 °C (122 °F) - Mounting type B
60 °C (140 °F) - Mounting type B

In Normal duty, these curves are also valid for a temperature 10°C less than the given temperatures.

#### NOTE:

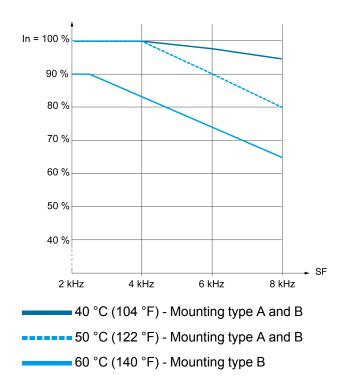
- For operation > 40°C: No side-by-side mounting
- For operation > 50°C: No plain text display terminal plugged

### Frame Size 4 - 30 and 37 kW



Drive Mounting Variable Speed Drives

# Frame Size 5 - 45, 55 and 75 kW



# **Mounting Procedures**

### **Mounting Screws**

Frame Size	Screw diameter
1	5 mm (0.2 in)
2	5 mm (0.2 in)
3	5 mm (0.2 in)
4	6 mm (0.24 in)
5	8 mm (0.3 in)

#### NOTE:

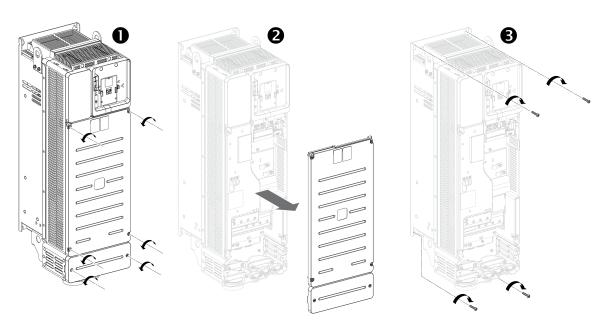
- · Fixation by screws is required for all drives ratings.
- · Screws are not delivered with the product.

# **Mounting Procedure For Frame Sizes 1 to 3**

Mounting the drive does not require preliminary dismantling operation. Simply mount the drive to its support using the 4 screws with captive washer, according to the table above.

Mount the drive on a metallic backplane for EMC requirements.

# **Mounting Procedure For Frame Sizes 4 and 5**



Perform the following instructions

Step	Action
1	Unscrew the 6 screws (frame size 4) or the 8 screws (frame size 5) attaching the front and bottom covers
2	Remove the covers
3	Attach the drive on the mounting surface using the screws with captive washer, according to the table above, page 68.

Drive wiring Variable Speed Drives

# **Drive wiring**

# **General Wiring Information**

### **Wiring Instructions**

#### **General Instructions**

The entire installation procedure must be performed without voltage present.

### **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

Read and understand the instructions in **Safety Information** chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

### **AA** DANGER

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

Before applying voltage to and configuring the product, verify that it is properly wired.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The product has a leakage current greater than 3.5 mA. If the protective ground connection is interrupted, a hazardous touch current may flow if the product is touched.

#### AADANGER

#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK CAUSED BY HIGH LEAKAGE CURRENT**

Verify compliance with all local and national electrical code requirements as well as all other applicable regulations with respect to grounding of the entire drive system .

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The products may perform unexpected movements because of incorrect wiring, incorrect settings, incorrect data or other errors.

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- Carefully install the wiring in accordance with the EMC requirements.
- Do not operate the product with unknown or unsuitable settings or data.
- · Perform a comprehensive commissioning test.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Variable Speed Drives Drive wiring

#### **Residual Current Device**

Direct current can be introduced in the protective ground conductor of this drive. If a residual current device (RCD / GFCI) or a residual current monitor (RCM) is used for additional protection against direct or indirect contact, the following specific types must be used:

### **AWARNING**

# DIRECT CURRENT CAN BE INTRODUCED INTO THE PROTECTIVE GROUND CONDUCTOR

- Use a Type A or Type F Residual Current Device (RCD / GFCI) or a Residual Current Monitor (RCM) for single-phase drives connected to a phase and to the neutral conductor.
- Use a Type B Residual Current Device (RCD / GFCI) or a Residual Current Monitor (RCM) that has approval for use with frequency inverters and is sensitive to all types of current for three-phase devices and for single-phase devices not connected to a phase and the neutral conductor.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Further conditions for use of a residual current device:

- The drive has an increased leakage current at the moment power is applied.
   Use a residual current device (RCD / GFCI) or a residual current monitor (RCM) with a response delay.
- · High-frequency currents must be filtered.

Choose a suitable model integrating:

- High frequency current filtering
- A time delay that helps to prevent a triggering of the upstream device caused by the load from stray capacitance on power-on. The time delay is not available for 30 mA device; in this case, choose devices with immunity against nuisance triggering.

Due to high leakage current in standard operation, we recommend choosing at least a 300 mA device.

If the installation requires a residual current device less than 300 mA, it can be possible to use a device lower than 300 mA by changing the IT switch position (drive sizes 1...3) or by removing the screws (drive sizes 4 and 5) according to the instructions given in the **Operation on an IT System** section, page 88.

If the installation includes several drives, provide one residual current device per drive.

Drive wiring Variable Speed Drives

### **Equipment Grounding**

### **AADANGER**

#### **ELECTRIC SHOCK CAUSED BY INSUFFICIENT GROUNDING**

- Verify compliance with all local and national electrical code requirements as well as all other applicable regulations with respect to grounding of the entire device.
- · Ground the device before applying voltage.
- The cross section of the protective ground conductor must comply with the applicable standards.
- Do not use conduits as protective ground conductors; use a protective ground conductor inside the conduit.
- Do not consider cable shields to be protective ground conductors.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Tighten the grounding screws according to the instructions given in the Ground Cables section, page 93.

#### **Control Cable Instructions**

#### NOTE:

- Analog inputs and outputs Alx, AQx, COM use shielded cable and each analog input and output has its own COM line.
- Each PTC input has its own COM line, not shared with other Inputs/ Outputs.
- All digital inputs DIx use one common 24V line in source mode or one common COM line in sink mode. This 24V or COM line is used only for DIx.
- · Digital outputs:
  - Frame sizes 1...3: DQCOM line must not be shared with other 24V or COM lines.
  - Frame sizes 4 and 5: DQ+/DQ- uses a 24V or a COM line which is not shared with other Inputs/Outputs.
- Safe torque off inputs STOA / STOB use shielded cables and one common 24V line. This 24V line is used only for STOA / STOB.

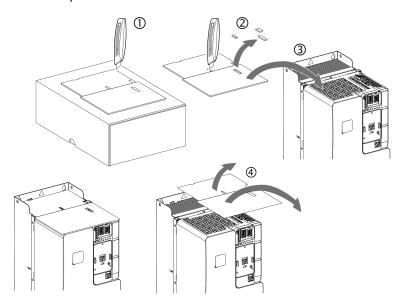
**NOTE:** For cable lengths, refer to the table given in the Cable Length Instructions For the Control Part section, page 73.

Variable Speed Drives Drive wiring

### **Before Wiring The Frame Sizes 1...3**

The packaging of these drives includes covers to be cut off and placed over the top side of the drive before wiring operations. These covers help to avoid foreign conductive parts or liquids to fall into the drive.

The example shown below is for frame size 3



Perform the following instructions to mount the covers

Step	Action
1	Cut the covers from the packaging
2	Cut and discard the cutouts
3	Fit the covers on the drive
4	Install the drive
5	Remove top covers for normal operation

#### **Cable Characteristics**

Only use cables with insulator heat resistance of 75°C (167°F) min.

If you are using cables longer than 150 m (492 ft) between the drive and the motor, add output filters (for more details refer to the catalog, page 11).

Use a shielded cable to meet the requirements of Category C2 or C3 according to the standard IEC 61800-3, except when using a sinus filter. In this case, the use of a non-shielded motor cable is possible.

To limit the currents in common mode, use common mode output filters (ferrite) in order to reduce the circulating currents in the motor windings.

Standard linear capacity cables can be used. Use of cables with lower linear capacity could increase cable length performances.

The overvoltage limitation function **[Motor surge limit.]** 5 V *L* enables you to increase the cable length while decreasing the torque performances. Refer to the Programming manual, page 11.

# Power Part Cables Stripping lengths

Catalog Number and Frame Size [•]		Cable Stripping Length	
		Input	Output
		mm (in.)	mm (in.)
ATV340U07N4•U40N4•	[1]	8 ± 1 (0.32 ± 0.04)	8 ± 1 (0.32 ± 0.04)
ATV340U55N4•U75N4	[2]	9 ± 1 (0.35 ± 0.04)	9 ± 1 (0.35 ± 0.04)
ATV340D11N4•D22N4•	[3]	18 ± 2 (0.71 ± 0.08)	18 ± 2 (0.71 ± 0.08)
ATV340D30N4E•, D37N4E•	[4]	26 ± 2 (1.02 ± 0.08)	26 ± 2 (1.02 ± 0.08)
ATV340D45N4F• D75N4F•	[5]	32 + 3 (1 26 + 0 12)	32 + 3 (1 26 + 0 12)

# Control Part Cables Stripping lengths for Frame Size 1...3

IO terminal	Cable Stripping Length in mm (in.)
STOA, STOB, 24V, 0V	11.5 ± 0.5 (0.45 ± 0.02)
R1A, R1B, R1C, R2A, R2C	9.5 ± 0.5 (0.37 ± 0.02)
DQCOM, DQ1, DQ2, DISUP, SHLD, DI1, DI2, DI3, DI4, DI5, AQ1, AI1, +AI2, -AI2, COM, 10V	7.5 ± 0.5 (0.29 ± 0.02)

# Control Part Cables Stripping lengths for Frame Size 4 and 5

IO terminal	Cable Stripping Length in mm (in.)
R1A, R2B, R1C, R2A, R2C, R3A, R3C	11 (0.43)
STOA, STOB, 24V, 10V, Al1, COM, Al2, Al3, AQ1, AQ2 COM DQ-	$7.5 \pm 0.5 (0.29 \pm 0.02)$
P24, 0V, DI1, DI2, DI3, DI4, DI5, DI6, DI7, DI8, 24V DQ+	6.5 ± 0.5 (0.25 ± 0.02)

# **Cable Length Instructions For Power Part**

# **Long Cable Lengths Consequences**

NOTE: Maximum cable length is 100 m (328 ft).

When drives are used with motors, a combination of fast switching transistors and long motor cables can even cause peak voltages up to twice the DC link voltage. This high peak voltage can cause premature aging of motor winding insulation which leads to motor breakdown.

The overvoltage limitation function will enable to increase the cable length while decreasing the torque performances.

### **Length Of Motor Cables**

Because of the permitted mains disturbances, the allowed overvoltages at the motor, the occurring bearing currents and the permitted heat losses the distance between inverter and motor(s) is limited.

The maximum distance heavily depends on the used motors (insulation material), the type of motor cable used (shielded/unshielded), as well as the cable laying (cable channel, underground installation...).

### **Dynamic Voltage Load Of The Motor**

Overvoltages at the motor terminals result from reflection in the motor cable. Basically the motors are stressed with measurable higher voltage peaks from a motor cable length of 10 m. With the length of the motor cable also the value of overvoltage increases.

The steep edges of the switching impulses at the output side of the frequency inverter lead to a further load of the motors. The slew rate of the voltage is typically over 5 kV/µs but it decreases with the length of the motor cable

Use a shielded cable to meet the requirements of Category C2 or C3 according to the standard IEC 61800-3.

Standard linear capacity cables can be used with Altivar Machine. Use of cables with lower linear capacity could increase cable length performances.

To reduce the voltage stress on the motor windings an overvoltage limitation function [Motor surge limit.]  $5 \, \omega \, L$  can be activated when using long motor cables, within the maximum cable length of 100 m (328 ft), while decreasing the torque performances. Refer to the programming manual, page 11.

#### **Corrective Actions Overview**

A number of simple measures can be taken to help enhance the motor life time:

- Specification of a motor designed for speed drive applications (IEC60034-25 B or NEMA 400 should be prescribed).
- Reduce to a minimum the distance between motor and drive.
- Use unshielded cables.

NOTE: EMC performance not guaranteed with unshielded cables

 Reduce the drive switching frequency (a reduction to 2.5 kHz is recommended.)

#### **Additional Information**

Further detailed technical information is available in the following white paper *An Improved Approach for Connecting VSD and Electric Motors* available on www.se. com.

# **Cable Length Instructions For the Control Part**

# **Control Cable Lengths For Frame Sizes 1...3**

Control terminal Input/Output Cables		Maximum wires length depending on cable cross section (*)	
		1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> / AWG16	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> / AWG20
Analog inputs Al1, Al3	voltage: 0 - 10 V	30 m / 98 ft	30 m / 98 ft
	current: 0 - 20 mA	3000 m / 9840 ft	1000 m / 3280 ft
	PT100	30 m / 98 ft	10 m / 32 ft
	PT1000	300 m / 984 ft	100 m / 328 ft
	KTY84	300 m / 984 ft	100 m / 328 ft
	PTC	300 m / 984 ft	100 m / 328 ft
Differential analog input +Al2 / -Al2	voltage: -10 V / + 10 V	30 m / 98 ft	30 m / 98 ft
Output supply 10V		30 m / 98 ft	30 m / 98 ft
Analog output AQ1	voltage: 0 - 10 V	30 m / 98 ft	10 m / 32 ft
	current: 0 - 20 mA	3000 m / 9840 ft	1000 m / 3280 ft
Output power supply 24V	200 mA max.	300 m / 984 ft	100 m / 328 ft
Digital inputs DI1DI5, DQ1, DQ2		3000 m / 9840 ft	1000 m / 3280 ft
Safe Torque Off inputs STOA, STOB		3000 m / 9840 ft	1000 m / 3280 ft
Digital output DQ1, DQ2 / DQCOM	100 mA max.	400 m / 1310 ft	130 m / 426 ft
Control power supply input P24	24 V input	120 m / 390 ft	40 m / 130 ft

<sup>(\*)</sup> Shorter cable lengths or smaller cable cross sections can be adjusted using linear interpolation with the values listed in the table. For example: maximum 10 m / 32 ft with 0.5 mm² / AWG20 and maximum 30 m with 1.5 mm² / AWG16 listed in the table, is equivalent to maximum 20 m / 65 ft with 1 mm² / AWG17.

# **Control Cable Lengths For Frame Sizes 4 and 5**

#### NOTE:

- Analog inputs and outputs Alx, AQx, COM use shielded cable and each analog input and output has its own COM line.
- Each PTC input has its own COM line, not shared with other Inputs/ Outputs.
- All digital inputs DIx use one common 24V line in source mode or one common COM line in sink mode. This 24V or COM line is used only for DIx
- Digital output DQ+/DQ- uses a 24V or a COM line which is not shared with other Inputs/Outputs.
- Safe torque off inputs STOA / STOB use shielded cables and one common 24V line. This 24V line is used only for STOA / STOB.

Control terminal Input/Output Cables		Maximum wires length depending on cable cross section	
		1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> / AWG16	0.5 mm <sup>2</sup> / AWG20
Analog inputs AI1, AI3	voltage: 0 - 10 V	30 m / 98 ft	30 m / 98 ft
	current: 0 - 20 mA	3000 m / 9840 ft	1000 m / 3280 ft
	PT100	30 m / 98 ft	10 m / 32 ft
	PT1000	300 m / 984 ft	100 m / 328 ft
	KTY84	300 m / 984 ft	100 m / 328 ft
	PTC	300 m / 984 ft	100 m / 328 ft
Analog input Al2	voltage: 0 - 10 V	30 m / 98 ft	30 m / 98 ft
Output supply 10V		30 m / 98 ft	30 m / 98 ft
Analog outputs AQ1, AQ2	voltage: 0 - 10 V	30 m / 98 ft	10 m / 32 ft
	current: 0 - 20 mA	3000 m / 9840 ft	1000 m / 3280 ft
Output power supply 24V	200 mA max.	300 m / 984 ft	100 m / 328 ft
Digital inputs DI1DI8		3000 m / 9840 ft	1000 m / 3280 ft
Safe Torque Off inputs STOA, STO	В	3000 m / 9840 ft	1000 m / 3280 ft
Digital output DQ+, DQ-	100 mA max.	600 m / 1968 ft	200 m / 656 ft
Control power supply input P24	24 V input	120 m / 390 ft	40 m / 130 ft

(\*) Shorter cable lengths or smaller cable cross sections can be adjusted using linear interpolation with the values listed in the table. For example: maximum 10 m / 32 ft with 0.5 mm² / AWG20 and maximum 30 m with 1.5 mm² / AWG16 listed in the table, is equivalent to maximum 20 m / 65 ft with 1 mm² / AWG17.

# **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

Signal interference can cause unexpected responses of the drive and of other equipment in the vicinity of the drive.

### **AWARNING**

#### SIGNAL AND EQUIPMENT INTERFERENCE

- Install the wiring in accordance with the EMC requirements described in this document.
- · Verify compliance with the EMC requirements described in this document.
- Verify compliance with all EMC regulations and requirements applicable in the country in which the product is to be operated and with all EMC regulations and requirements applicable at the installation site.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

#### **Limit Values**

This product meets the EMC requirements according to the standard IEC 61800-3 if the measures described in this manual are implemented during installation.

If the selected composition (product itself, mains filter, other accessories and measures) does not meet the requirements of category C1, the following information applies as it appears in IEC 61800-3:

### **AWARNING**

#### **RADIO INTERFERENCE**

In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case supplementary mitigation measures may be required.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

# **EMC** requirements for the control cabinet

EMC measures	Objective
Use mounting plates with good electrical conductivity, connect large surface areas of metal parts, remove paint from contact areas.	Good conductivity due to large surface contact.
Ground the control cabinet, the control cabinet door and the mounting plate with ground straps or ground wires. The conductor cross section must be at least 10 mm² (AWG 8).	Reduces emissions.
Fit switching devices such as power contactors, relays or solenoid valves with interference suppression units or arc suppressors (for example, diodes, varistors, RC circuits).	Reduces mutual interference.
Install power components and control components separately.	
Install frame size 1 and 2 drives on grounded metal back plane.	Reduces emissions.

# **Shielded cables**

EMC measures	Objective
Connect large surface areas of cable shields, use cable clamps and ground straps.	Reduces emissions.
Use cable clamps to connect a large surface area of the shields of all shielded cables to the mounting plate at the control cabinet entry.	
Ground shields of digital signal wires, page 80 at both ends by connecting them to a large surface area or via conductive connector housings	Reduces interference affecting the signal wires, reduces emissions
Ground the shields of analog signal wires directly at the device (signal input); insulate the shield at the other cable end or ground it via a capacitor (for example, 10 nF, 100 V or higher).	Reduces ground loops due to low-frequency interference.
Use only shielded motor cables with copper braid and a coverage of at least 85%, ground a large surface area of the shield at both ends.	Diverts interference currents in a controlled way, reduces emissions.

# **Cable Installation**

EMC measures	Objective
Do not route fieldbus cables and signal wires in a single cable duct together with lines with DC and AC voltages of more than 60 V. (Fieldbus cables, signal lines and analog lines may be in the same cable duct)	Reduces mutual interference.
Recommendation: Use separate cable ducts at least 20 cm apart.	
Keep cables as short as possible. Do not install unnecessary cable loops, use short cables from the central grounding point in the control cabinet to the external ground connection.	Reduces capacitive and inductive interference.
Use equipotential bonding conductors in the following cases: wide-area installations, different voltage supplies and installation across several buildings.	Reduces current in the cable shield, reduces emissions.
Use fine stranded equipotential bonding conductors.	Diverts high-frequency interference currents
If motor and machine are not conductively connected, for example by an insulated flange or a connection without surface contact, you must ground the motor with a ground strap or a ground wire. The conductor cross section must be at least 10 mm2 (AWG 6).	Reduces emissions, increases immunity.
Use twisted pair for the DC supply.  For digital and analog inputs use shielded twisted cables with a pitch of between 2550 mm (12 in).	Reduces interference affecting the signal cables, reduces emissions.

# **Power Supply**

EMC measures	Objective
Operate product on mains with grounded neutral point.	Enables effectiveness of mains filter.
Surge arrester if there is a risk of overvoltage.	Reduces the risk of damage caused by overvoltage.

# **Additional measures for EMC improvement**

Depending on the application, the following measures can improve the EMC-dependent values:

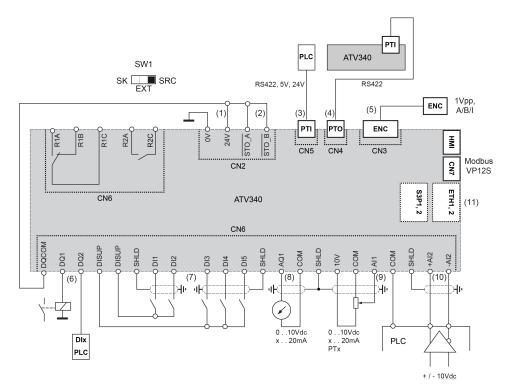
EMC measures	Objective	
Use mains chokes	Reduces mains harmonics, prolongs product service life.	
Use external mains filters	Improves the EMC limit	
Additional EMC measures, for example mounting in a closed control cabinet with 15 dB shielding attenuation of radiated interference	values.	

**NOTE:** If using an additional input filter, it should be mounted side by side to the drive and connected directly to the supply mains via an unshielded cable.

# **General Wiring Diagrams**

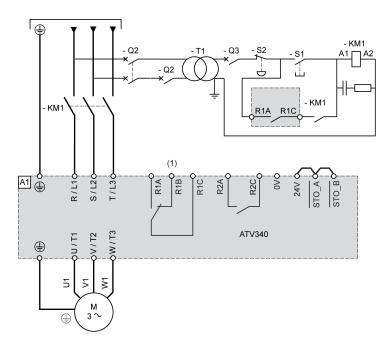
# Wiring Diagrams for Frame Sizes 1...3: ATV340U07N4•...D22N4•

# **Control Block Wiring Diagram**



- (1) 24V In, Out, maximum supply current 200 mA is provided,
- **(2)** STO Safe Torque Off, see ATV340 Embedded safety function manual NVE64143
- (3) PTI Pulse Train In, from external source (eg.PLC) Pulse Direction or A-B signals can be connected
- (4) PTO Pulse Train Out, can be used to connect to a 2nd ATV340 PTI
- (5) To connect a motor position feedback encoder
- (6) Digital output, e.g. to connect a contactor, also usable as DI
- (7) Digital inputs
- (8) Analog output, e.g. to connect a meter
- (9) Analog input, e.g. from potentiometer
- (10) Differential analog input, e.g. as speed reference from external PLC differential,  $\pm 10~V$
- (11) 2 advanced Ethernet ports ETH1, ETH2 (ATV340\*\*\*\*E) or 2 Sercos III ports S3P1, S3P2 (ATV340\*\*\*\*S)

# **Three-phase Power Supply - Diagram With Line Contactor**



(1) Use relay output R1 set to operating state Fault to switch Off the product once an error is detected.

#### NOTE:

- Press S1 until the initialization of the drive is finished.
- An external 24V power supply can be connected so that the control part of the drive is always power supplied.

### Three-phase Power Supply - Diagram With Downstream Contactor

If a Run command is executed while the downstream contactor between the drive and the motor is still open, there may be residual voltage at the output of the drive. This can cause an incorrect estimation of the motor speed when the contacts of the downstream contactor are closed. This incorrect estimation of the motor speed can lead to unanticipated equipment operation or to equipment damage.

In addition, there may be overvoltage at the output of the drive if the power stage is still enabled when the downstream contactor between the drive and the motor opens.

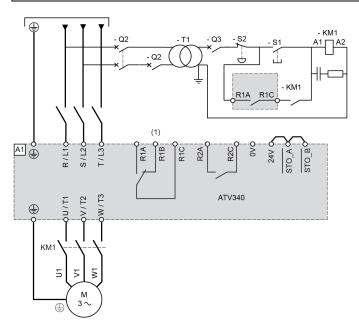
# **AWARNING**

#### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE**

If a downstream contactor is used between the drive and the motor, verify the following:

- The contacts between the motor and the drive must be closed before a Run command is executed.
- The power stage must not be enabled when the contacts between the motor and the drive open.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.



(1) Use relay output R1 set to operating state Fault to switch Off the product once an error is detected.

#### NOTE:

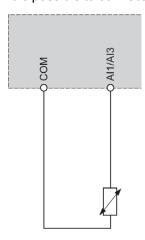
- Close upstream contactor, then press S1 after the initialization of the drive is finished
- An external 24V power supply can be connected so that the control part of the drive is always power supplied.

# **Safety Function STO**

All details related to the STO safety function activation are given in the Embedded Safety function manual NVE64143.

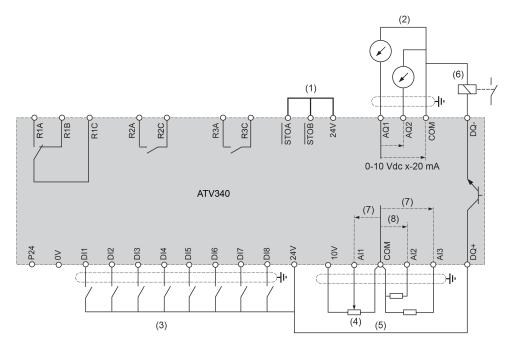
# **Sensor Connection**

It is possible to connect either 1 sensor on terminals Al1 or Al3.



# Wiring Diagrams for Frame Sizes 4 and 5: ATV340D30N4E... D75N4E

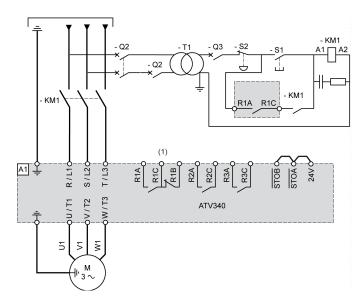
# **Control Block Wiring Diagram**



- (1) STO Safe Torque Off
- (2) Analog Output
- (3) Digital Input Shielding instructions are given in the Electromagnetic Compatibility section
- (4) Reference potentiometer (ex. SZ1RV1002)
- (5) Analog Input
- (6) Digital output
- (7) 0-10 Vdc, x-20 mA
- (8) 0-10 Vdc, -10 Vdc...+10 Vdc

**NOTE:** PTI function is not available on frame sizes 4 and 5.

# **Three-phase Power Supply - Diagram With Line Contactor**



(1) Use relay output R1 set to operating state Fault to switch Off the product once an error is detected.

#### NOTE:

- Press S1 until the initialization of the drive is finished.
- An external 24V power supply can be connected so that the control part of the drive is always power supplied.

### **Three-phase Power Supply - Diagram With Downstream Contactor**

If a Run command is executed while the downstream contactor between the drive and the motor is still open, there may be residual voltage at the output of the drive. This can cause an incorrect estimation of the motor speed when the contacts of the downstream contactor are closed. This incorrect estimation of the motor speed can lead to unanticipated equipment operation or to equipment damage.

In addition, there may be overvoltage at the output of the drive if the power stage is still enabled when the downstream contactor between the drive and the motor opens.

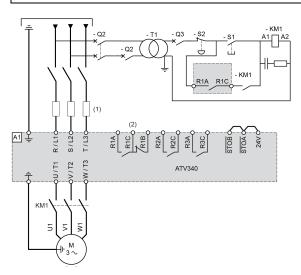
# **AWARNING**

#### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE**

If a downstream contactor is used between the drive and the motor, verify the following:

- The contacts between the motor and the drive must be closed before a Run command is executed.
- The power stage must not be enabled when the contacts between the motor and the drive open.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.



(1) Use relay output R1 set to operating state Fault to switch Off the product once an error is detected.

#### NOTE:

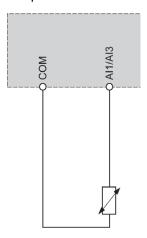
- Close upstream contactor, then press S1 after the initialization of the drive is finished
- An external 24V power supply can be connected so that the control part of the drive is always power supplied.

# **Safety Function STO**

All details related to the STO safety function activation are given in the Embedded Safety function manual NVE64143.

# **Sensor Connection**

It is possible to connect either 1 sensor on terminals Al1 or Al3.



# **Built-in EMC Filter**

# **Operation on an IT System**

#### **Definition**

**IT system**: Isolated or impedance grounded neutral. Use a permanent insulation monitoring device compatible with nonlinear loads, such as an XM200 type or equivalent.

### **Operation**

### NOTICE

#### **OVERVOLTAGE OR OVERHEATING**

If the drive is operated via an IT or corner grounded system, the integrated EMC filter must be disconnected as described in the present manual.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

# **Disconnecting the Built-in EMC Filter**

#### **Filter Disconnection**

# **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

Read and understand the instructions in **Safety Information** chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

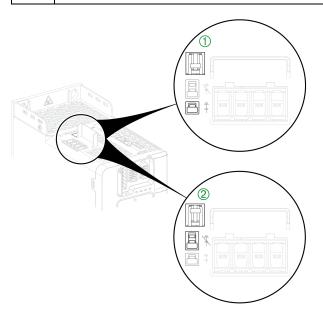
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The drives have a built-in EMC filter. As a result they exhibit leakage current to ground. If the leakage current creates compatibility problems with your installation (residual current device or other), then you can reduce the leakage current by deactivating the Y capacitors as shown below. In this configuration the product does not meet the EMC requirements according to the standard IEC 61800-3.

# **Setting on Frame Sizes 1 and 2**

Apply the following instructions to disconnect the built-in EMC filter

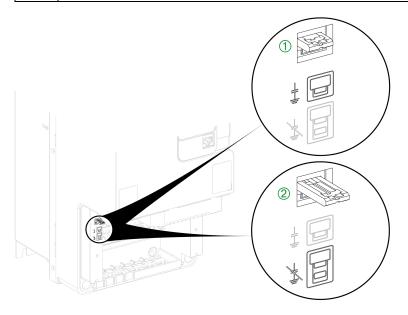
Step	Action
1	The switch is <b>factory set</b> to the $\stackrel{\perp}{=}$ position as shown on detail ①
2	To disconnect the built-in EMC filter use a screwdriver to set the switch to the position shown on detail 2



# **Setting on Frame Size 3**

Apply the following instructions to disconnect the built-in EMC filter

Step	Action
1	Remove the front cover.
2	The switch is <b>factory set</b> to the $\frac{1}{2}$ position as shown on detail ①
3	To disconnect the built-in EMC filter use a screwdriver to set the switch to the position shown on detail 2
4	Refit the front cover.



# **Setting on Frame Sizes 4 and 5**

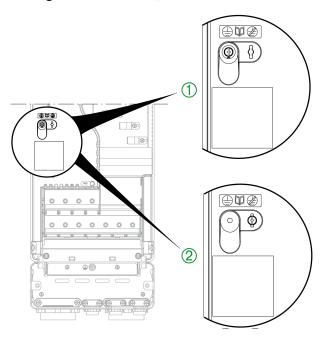
Apply the following instructions to disconnect the built-in EMC filter

Step	Action
1	Remove the front cover , page 104
2	The screw is <b>factory set</b> to the position as shown on detail
3	To disconnect the built-in EMC filter, remove the screw from its location and set it to the position as shown on detail 2
4	Refit the front cover

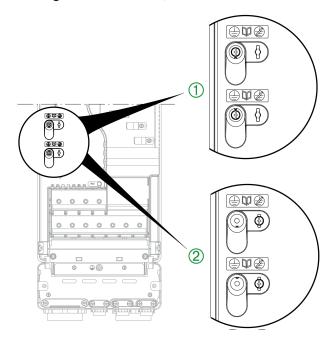
#### NOTE:

- Use only the screws supplied.
- Do not operate the drive with setting screws removed.

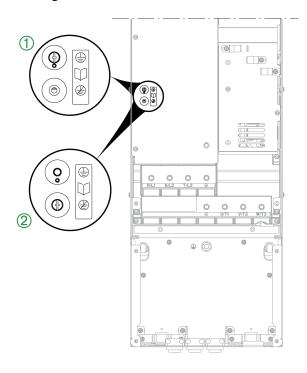
#### Setting on Frame Size 4, 200...240 V Products



Setting on Frame Size 4, 380...480 V Products



# **Setting on Frame Size 5 Products**



### **Power Part**

#### **Characteristics of the Power Part Terminals**

# AADANGER

#### HAZARD OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Wire cross sections and tightening torques must comply with the specifications provided in this document.
- If you use flexible multi-wire cables for a connection with a voltage higher than 25 Vac, you must use ring type cable lugs or wire ferrules, depending on the wire gauge and the specified stripping length of the cable.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

#### **Description of the Power Terminals**

Terminal	Function
PE or	Ground connection terminal
R/L1	AC supply mains
S/L2	
T/L3	
PA/+	DC bus + polarity (Output to braking resistor)
PB (if any)	Output to braking resistor
PC/-	DC bus - polarity
U/T1	Outputs to the motor
V/T2	
W/T3	

#### Additional PE Ground Connection Cables

Ground cable cross sections of input and output ground cables are the same as those given for the input and output cables. These cross sections and related tightening torques are given in the tables below. Due to high leakage currents an additional PE connection must be wired.

Minimum cross section of protective ground cable is 10 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 8) for CU cable and 16 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 6) for AL cable.

### **Cross Section: Electrical and Mechanical characteristics**

#### A A DANGER

#### HAZARD OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK

If the product is used below its rated power and you choose to reduce the wire cross section compared to the specified minimum wire cross section given at rated condition, ensure that the selected wire cross section is compliant with the duty cycle and current load of the application.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

#### Frame Size 1

#### Electrical characteristics (\*)

ATV340	Minimum Wire Cross Section at rated condition				
	Supply Terminals	Output Terminals	DC Bus Terminals (**)		
	(L1, L2, L3, PE)	(U, V, W, PBe)	(PA/+, PC/-)		
	CN1 Connector	CN10 Connector	CN9 connector		
	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)		
U07N4•, U15N4•, U22N4•, U30N4•, U40N4•	4 (12)	4 (12)	4 (12)		

<sup>(\*)</sup> Minimum wire cross section to be applied when the product is used at rated power.

#### **Mechanical characteristics**

ATV340	Supply Terminals (L1, L2, L3, PE) CN1 Connector				DC Bus Te	erminals (PA/+,	PC/-) CN9 conr	nector (***)
	Output Terminals (U, V, W, PBe) CN10 Connector							
	Minimum (*) Maximum		Minimum (*) Maximum		mum			
	Permissible Cross Section (**)	Rated Tightening Torque	Permissible Cross Section	Rated Tightening Torque	Permissible Cross Section (**)	Rated Tightening Torque	Permissible Cross Section	Rated Tightening Torque
	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)
U07N4•, U15N4•, U22N4•, U30N4•, U40N4•	0.5 (20)	1.3 (11.5)	6 (8)	0.69 (6.1)	0.5 (20)	1.3 (11.5)	6 (10)	1.8 (15.6)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The mechanical characteristics concern power terminal only and do not take into account the cabling equipment (cable clamp, cable gland,...) that are designed for the rated conditions.

**NOTE:** Only use cables with solid wires or rigid stranded wires.

#### Frame Size 2

#### **Electrical characteristics (\*)**

ATV340	Minimum Wire Cross Section at rated condition				
	Supply Terminals	Output Terminals	DC Bus Terminals (**)		
	(L1, L2, L3, PE)	(U, V, W, PBe)	(PA/+, PC/-)		
	CN1 Connector	CN10 Connector	CN9 connector		
	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)		
U55N4•, U75N4•	6 (8)	6 (8)	6 (10)		

<sup>(\*)</sup> Minimum wire cross section to be applied when the product is used at rated power.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Minimum permissible cross section are provided, if the product is used below its rated power. In this case, ensure that the wire cross section is compliant with the duty cycle and current load.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

#### **Mechanical characteristics**

ATV340	Supply Terminals (L1, L2, L3, PE) CN1 Connector  Output Terminals (U, V, W, PBe) CN10 Connector				DC Bus Terminals (PA/+, PC/-) CN9 connector (***)			
	Minimum (*) Maximum			Minimum (*) Maximum			mum	
	Permissible	Rated	Permissible	Rated	Permissible	Rated	Permissible	Rated
	Cross Section (**)	Tightening Torque	Cross Section	Tightening Torque	Cross Section (**)	Tightening Torque	Cross Section	Tightening Torque
	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)
U55N4•, U75N4•	0.5 (20)	1.8 (15.6)	10 (6)	1.8 (15.6)	0.5 (20)	1.8 (15.6)	6 (10)	1.8 (15.6)

<sup>(\*)</sup> The mechanical characteristics concern power terminal only and do not take into account the cabling equipment (cable clamp, cable gland,...) that are designed for the rated conditions.

**NOTE:** Only use cables with solid wires or rigid stranded wires.

#### Tightening torques of additional PE:

- Upper ground connection: 2.6 N·m (23.01 lb.in) CN1 connector
- Lower ground connection: 0.69 N·m (6.1 lb.in) CN10 connector

#### Frame Size 3

#### Electrical characteristics (\*)

ATV340	Minimum Wire Cross Section at rated condition				
	Supply Terminals	Output Terminals	DC Bus Terminals (**)		
	(L1, L2, L3, PE)	(U, V, W, PBe)	(PA/+, PC/-)		
	CN1 Connector	CN10 Connector	CN9 connector		
	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)		
D11N4•	10 (8)	10 (8)	10 (8)		
D15N4•	16 (6)	16 (6)	16 (6)		
D18N4•	16 (4)	16 (4)	16 (4)		
D22N4•	25 (3)	25 (3)	25 (3)		

<sup>(\*)</sup> Minimum wire cross section to be applied when the product is used at rated power.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Minimum permissible cross section are provided, if the product is used below its rated power. In this case, ensure that the wire cross section is compliant with the duty cycle and current load.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

#### **Mechanical characteristics**

ATV340	Supply Terminals (L1, L2, L3, PE) CN1 Connector  Output Terminals (U, V, W, PBe) CN10 Connector  DC Bus Terminals (PA/+, PC/-) CN9 connector (***)					
	Minimum (*)  Maximum					
	Permissible Cross Section (**)	Rated Tightening Torque	Permissible Cross Section	Rated Tightening Torque		
	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)	mm² (AWG)	N·m (lbf.in)		
D11N4•						
D15N4•	0.5 (20)	3.5 (30.4)	25 (3)	3.8 (33.6)		
D18N4•	0.3 (20)	3.3 (30. <del>4</del> )	23 (3)	3.0 (33.0)		
D22N4•						

<sup>(\*)</sup> The mechanical characteristics concern power terminal only and do not take into account the cabling equipment (cable clamp, cable gland,...) that are designed for the rated conditions.

**NOTE:** Only use cables with solid wires or rigid stranded wires.

#### Tightening torques of additional PE:

- Upper ground connection: 2.6 N·m (23.01 lb.in) CN1 connector
- Lower ground connection: 0.69 N·m (6.1 lb.in) CN10 connector

#### Frame Size 4

#### Electrical characteristics (\*)

ATV340	Minimum Wire Cross Section at rated condition				
	Supply Terminals	Output Terminals	DC Bus Terminals (**)		
	(L1, L2, L3, PE) (U, V, W, PE)		(PA/+, PC/-)		
	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)		
D30N4E•	35 (3)	35 (3)	25 (4)		
D37N4E•	35 (2)	50 (1)	35 (3)		

<sup>(\*)</sup> Minimum wire cross section to be applied when the product is used at rated power.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Minimum permissible cross section are provided, if the product is used below its rated power. In this case, ensure that the wire cross section is compliant with the duty cycle and current load.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

#### **Mechanical characteristics**

ATV340	Supply Terminals (L1, L2, L3, PE)					
		Output Termina	als (U, V, W, PE)			
	DC Bus Terminals (PA/+, PC/-) (***)					
	Minimum (*) Maximum					
	Permissible Cross Section (**)	Rated Tightening Torque	Permissible Cross Section	Rated Tightening Torque		
	mm² (AWG) N·m (lbf.in) mm² (AWG) N·m (lbf.in)					
D30N4E•	16 (6)	12 (106.2)	50 (1)	12 (106.2)		
D37N4E•	10 (0)	12 (100.2)	00(1)	12 (100.2)		

<sup>(\*)</sup> The mechanical characteristics concern power terminal only and do not take into account the cabling equipment (cable clamp, cable gland,...) that are designed for the rated conditions.

**NOTE:** Only use cables with solid wires or rigid stranded wires.

Tightening torque of additional PE: 5 N·m (44.2 lb.in)

#### Frame Size 5

#### Electrical characteristics (\*)

ATV340	Minimum Wire Cross Section at rated condition				
	Supply Terminals Output Terminals		DC Bus Terminals (**)		
	(L1, L2, L3, PE)	(U, V, W, PE)	(PA/+, PC/-)		
	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)		
D45N4E•	70 (1/0)	70 (1/0)	70 (1/0)		
D55N4E•	95 (3/0)	95 (3/0)	70 (1/0)		
D75N4E•	120 (4/0)	120 (250MCM)	95 (3/0)		

<sup>(\*)</sup> Minimum wire cross section to be applied when the product is used at rated power.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Minimum permissible cross section are provided, if the product is used below its rated power. In this case, ensure that the wire cross section is compliant with the duty cycle and current load.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

#### **Mechanical characteristics**

ATV340	Supply Terminals (L1, L2, L3, PE)					
	Output Terminals (U, V, W, PE)					
	D	C Bus and Braking Resisto	or Terminals (PA/+, PC/-) (**	*)		
	Minimum (*) Maximum					
	Permissible Cross Section (**)	Rated Tightening Torque	Permissible Cross Section	Rated Tightening Torque		
	mm² (AWG)         N·m (lbf.in)         mm² (AWG)         N·m (lbf.in)					
D45N4E•						
D55N4E•	16 (4)	25 (221.3)	120 (250MCM)	25 (221.3)		
D75N4E•						

<sup>(\*)</sup> The mechanical characteristics concern power terminal only and do not take into account the cabling equipment (cable clamp, cable gland,...) that are designed for the rated conditions.

**NOTE:** Only use cables with solid wires or rigid stranded wires.

Tightening torque of additional PE: 10 N·m (88.5 lb.in)

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Minimum permissible cross section are provided, if the product is used below its rated power. In this case, ensure that the wire cross section is compliant with the duty cycle and current load.

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Wire cross section in case of DC bus voltage supply

# Wiring the Power Part

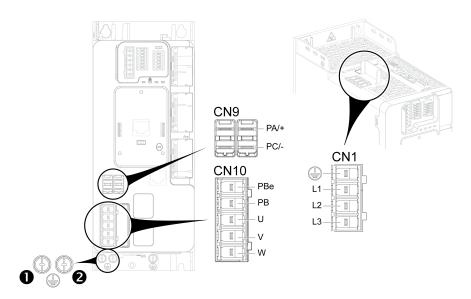
# **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- · Verify that the cables are properly installed as specified.
- Ensure protection against contact with live parts in the entire installation, including cables.
- · Ensure adequate sealing of the cable entries.
- Before commissioning, verify that the degree of protection specified on the nameplate and in all pertinent product documentation is achieved.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

# **Power Terminals Arrangement for Frame Sizes 1...2**



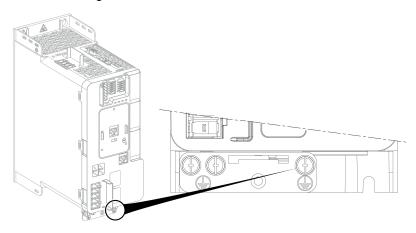
#### **Functions of the Power Terminals**

Terminal	Connector (on frame sizes 12)	Function		
L3/T - L2/S - L1/R -	CN1	Mains supply and Input ground terminal		
PA/+	CN9	DC bus + polarity		
PC/-	CN9	DC bus - polarity		
W/T3 - V/T2 - U/T1 - PB - PBe	CN10	Output motor connection W/T3 - V/T2 - U/T1, output to braking resistor (1) PB - PBe		
		Output ground terminal and braking resistor ground terminal		
(1) For further information about the braking resistor option, please refer to the catalog, page 11.				

#### **Additional PE Ground Terminal Connection**

Connect the additional PE ground terminal of the device to the central grounding point of the system.

Additional PE ground terminal location on frame sizes 1 and 2



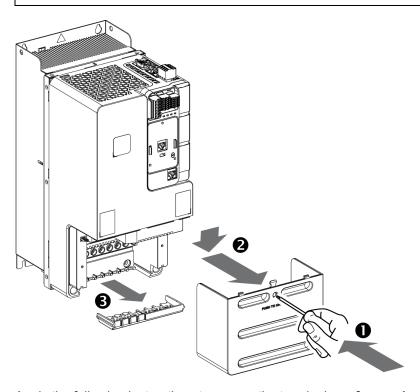
#### **Access To The Terminals For Frame Size 3**

#### **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

Read and understand the instructions in **Safety Information** chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

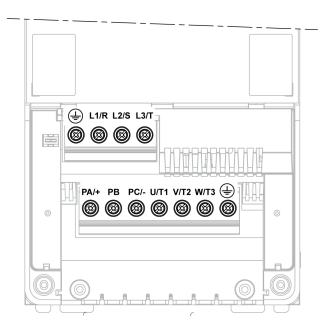
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



Apply the following instructions to access the terminals on **frame size 3** drives

Step	Action
1	Using a screwdriver, push to unlock the cover
2	Remove the front cover
3	Remove the wiring trap

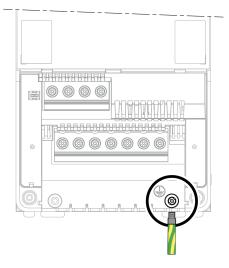
# **Power Terminals Arrangement for Frame Size 3**



### **Additional PE Ground Terminal Connection**

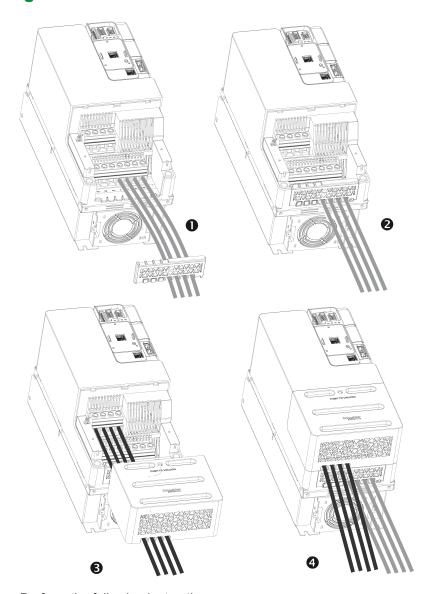
Connect the ground terminal of the device to the central grounding point of the system.

Additional PE ground terminal location on frame sizes 3



Use the special ring tongue cable end.

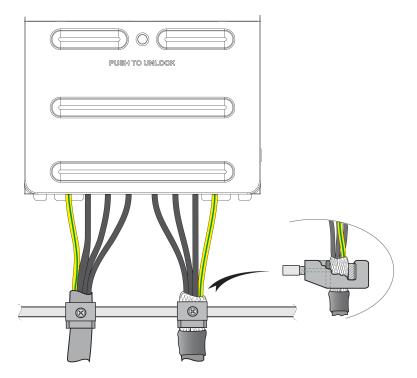
# **Power Cables Routing**



Perform the following instructions

Step	Action	
1	Attach and route the motor cable	
2	Refit the wiring trap	
3	Attach and route the mains cable	
4	Refit the power cover	

# **Power Cables Attaching**



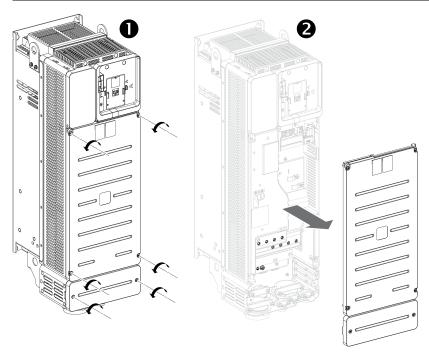
#### Access To The Terminals For Frame Sizes 4 and 5

### **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

Read and understand the instructions in **Safety Information** chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



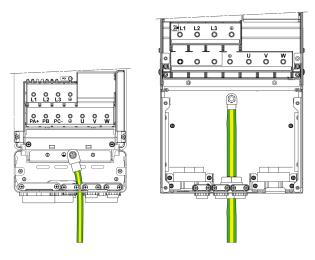
Apply the following instructions to access the terminals on **frame sizes 4 and 5** drives

Step	Action
1	Unscrew the 6 screws attaching the housing
2	Remove the front covers

#### **Additional PE Ground Terminal Connection**

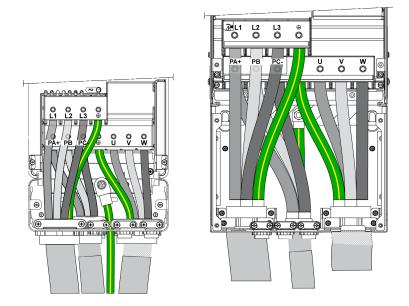
Connect the ground terminal of the device to the central grounding point of the system.

Additional PE ground terminal location on frame sizes 4 and 5



# Power Terminals Arrangement for Frame Size 4 and 5 and Cable Path

Wire the power cables as shown below.



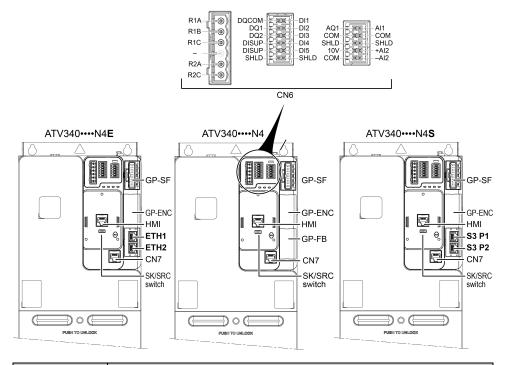
### **Control Part**

# **Arrangement and Characteristics of Control Block Terminals, Communication and I/O Ports**

### **Cable lengths**

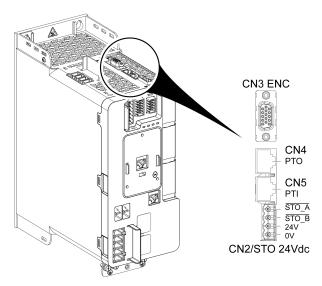
**NOTE:** For cable lengths, refer to the table given in the Cable Length Instructions For the Control Part section, page 75.

### Front Control Terminals - Drive Frame Sizes 1...3



Connector / Switch	Description
GP-SF	Slot for safety and general purpose modules like I/O, Relay
GP-ENC	Slot for encoder module. Use only VW3A3420, VW3A3422, VW3A3423 modules and general purpose modules like I/O, Relay
НМІ	RJ45 port for Plain Text Display Terminal (VW3A1113) direct plug-in or Graphic Display Terminal (VW3A1111) to connect with a cable , page 24
ETH1, ETH2	2 x RJ45 Advanced Ethernet ports, on ATV340•••••E
S3 P1, S3 P2	2 x RJ45 Embedded Sercos III ports, on ATV340*****\$
GP-FB	Slot for fieldbus and general purpose modules like IO, Relay
CN7	Modbus VP12S port, page 122
SK/EXT/SRC switch	Sink-Source switch, page 137
CN6	Analog and digital I/O, relay outputs, page 119

### **Top Control Terminals Location on Drive Frame Sizes 1...3**



Connector / Switch	Description
CN3 ENC	Embedded encoder, page 113
	<b>NOTE:</b> An additional clearance is required on top of the drive when using the embedded encoder.
CN4	PTO (Pulse Train Output), page 115
CN5	PTI (Pulse Train Input), page 115
CN2/STO 24Vdc	STO (Safe Torque Off), page 112

# Wiring Characteristics - Drive Frame Sizes 1...3

#### A A DANGER

#### HAZARD OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Wire cross sections and tightening torques must comply with the specifications provided in this document.
- If you use flexible multi-wire cables for a connection with a voltage higher than 25 Vac, you must use ring type cable lugs or wire ferrules, depending on the wire gauge and the specified stripping length of the cable.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Wire cross sections and tightening torques. Cross section values are with ferrule.

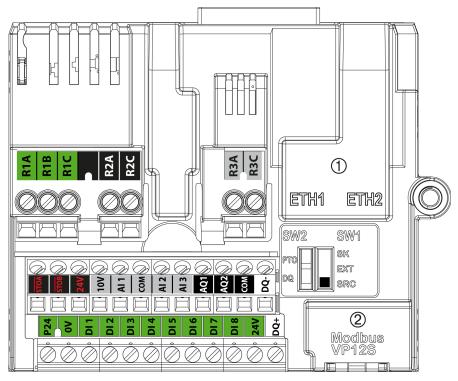
Control Terminals	Relay Output Wire Cross Section		Other Wire Cross Section		Tightening Torque
	Minimum (1)	Maximum	Minimum (1)	Maximum	Rnx
	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	N•m (lb.in)
CN6 terminals	0.25 (24)	2.5 (14)	0.25 (24)	1 (16)	0.5 (4.4)

(1) The value corresponds to the minimum permissible cross section of the terminal.

NOTE: Control Terminal Electrical data., page 111

#### Control Terminals - Drive Frame Sizes 4 and 5

The control block terminals are the same for drive frame sizes 4 and 5.



1 Ethernet Modbus TCP, 2 Serial Modbus

**NOTE:** Modbus VP12S: This is the standard Modbus serial link marking. VP•S means connector with power supply, where 12 stands for the 12 Vdc supply voltage.

# Wiring Characteristics Drive Frame Sizes 4 and 5

#### AA DANGER

#### HAZARD OF FIRE OR ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Wire cross sections and tightening torques must comply with the specifications provided in this document.
- If you use flexible multi-wire cables for a connection with a voltage higher than 25 Vac, you must use ring type cable lugs or wire ferrules, depending on the wire gauge and the specified stripping length of the cable.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

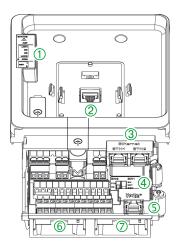
Wire cross sections and tightening torques.

Control Terminals	Relay Output Wire Cross Section		Other Wire Cross Section		Tightening Torque
	Minimum (1)	Maximum	Minimum (1) Maximum		
	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	mm² (AWG)	N•m (lb.in)
All terminals	0.75 (18)	1.5 (16)	0.5 (2.0)	1.5 (16)	0.5 (4.4)

(1) The value corresponds to the minimum permissible cross section of the terminal.

NOTE: Control Terminal Electrical data., page 111

## **Control Block Ports**



#### Legend

Mark- ing	Description
1	Drive status LEDs, page 134
2	RJ45 port to plug directly a plain text display terminal or using a a cable to connect a Graphic display terminal
3	2 x RJ45 ports: ETH1 and ETH2 for Ethernet embedded
<b>4</b> )	SK-EXT-SRC switch SW1, page 137
	PTO-DQ switch SW2, page 140
5	RJ45 port for Modbus embedded
6	Slot B, for encoder interface, and GP (general purpose) modules like I/O, Relay
7	Slot A, for fieldbus communication and GP (general purpose) modules like I/O, Relay,

# **Optional Module Installation and Wiring**

#### NOTE:

- For possible fieldbus module list, refer to the catalog, page 11.
- For fieldbus modules information, refer to the instruction sheet \$1A45591 available on www.se.com.

## **RJ45 Communication ports**

The control block includes 4 RJ45 ports.

They allow to connect a:

- PC
  - Using a commissioning software (SoMove, SoMachine...), to configure and monitor the drive
  - To access the drive webserver
- SCADA system
- PLC system
- Graphic Display terminal, using Modbus protocol
- · Modbus fieldbus

Connection is also possible using optional:

- Bluetooth
- Wi-Fi dongle
- · USB/Modbus converter

#### NOTE:

- Verify that RJ45 cable is not damaged prior to connect it to the product otherwise the power supply of the control could be lost.
- Do not plug Ethernet or Sercos III cable in Modbus plug or vice versa.
- Do not plug PTI, PTO interface cable to Ethernet, Sercos III or Modbus plugs or vice versa.
- Use different cable colors for Ethernet, Sercos III, Modbus, PTI or PTO to facilitate Fast Device Replacing operations.
- Verify the correct wiring of the drive before to switch the system on.

## Control Terminals Electrical Data for Frame Sizes 1...3

## **Preliminary Steps**

## **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

Read and understand the instructions in **Safety Information** chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

## **NOTICE**

#### **INCORRECT VOLTAGE**

Supply the digital inputs with 24 Vdc only.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

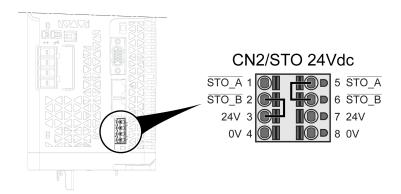
#### **General**

This section provides technical data relating to control terminals on frame sizes 1...3. The control terminals electrical data are different for frame sizes 1,2,3 and frame sizes 4 and 5, page 123.

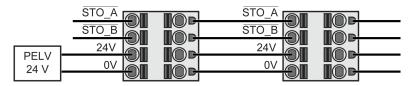
#### NOTE:

- For a description of the terminal arrangement, refer to Arrangement and Characteristics of Control Terminals and Communication And I/O Ports, page 106.
- For cable lengths, refer to the table given in the Cable Length Instructions For the Control Part section, page 75.
- For factory setting I/O assignment, refer to the programming manual, page 11.
- For all LEDs description, refer to the Drive status LEDs, page 134 or to the programming manual, page 11 available on www.se.com.

# **Drive Frame Sizes 1...3 - Top Side CN2 Connector**

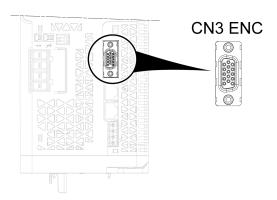


Alternative connection: wiring from drive to drive



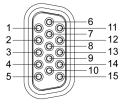
Termi- nal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics
STO_A, STO_B	STO inputs, SIL3	1	Safety Function STO Inputs  Refer to the Embedded Safety Function Manual (NVE64143) available on www.se.com
24V	Output: power supply for digital inputs and safety function STO inputs  Input: external 24 V supply of control	I/O	<ul> <li>Current maximum input: 1 A</li> <li>+24 Vdc</li> <li>Tolerance: minimum 20.4 Vdc, maximum 27 Vdc</li> <li>Current: maximum output: 200 mA</li> <li>Terminal protected against overload and short-circuit</li> <li>24V output can be disabled by menu [24 V Supply Output] 5 2 4 V to avoid possible 24 Vdc bus supply of other loads. By default 24 Vdc supply enabled. The external +24 Vdc controller supply must meet the requirements of IEC 61131-2 (PELV standard power supply unit).</li> </ul>
0V	Reference for 24 V supply		

# **Drive Frame Sizes 1...3 - Top Side CN3 Connector**



Termi- nal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics
ENC	Embedded Encoder	I/O	SUB-HD-15 female
			Digital encoder 5V RS422 A/B/I
			Analog encoder 1Vpp sin/cos
			Encoder supply:
			• +5 V (max. 10 m), 250 mA
			• +12 V, 100 mA
			• +24 V, 100 mA
			Thermal sensor input PTx

**Connector type:** The encoder interface is realized with a female high density 15-pin Sub-HD connector. Screw lock thread 4-40 UNC



## Pin signal, function and electrical characteristics

Pin	Signal name	Function/Meaning	Electrical Characteristics	
1	DATA_A+	Data channel A	RS422/RS485, Rin 121 Ohm, 1 Mbit	
2	DATA_A-		max.	
3	ENC+24V_OUT	Encoder Supply 24 Vdc	+24 Vdc / 100mA	
4	DATA_I+	Data channel I	RS422/RS485, Rin 1210hm, 1 MBit	
5	DATA_I-		max.	
6	SIN	Sine analog input	1 Vpp, 100 kHz max.	
7	ENC+12V_OUT	Encoder Supply 12 Vdc	+12 Vdc / 100mA	
8	ENC_0V	Reference potential for encoder supply or Reference for Temperature sense	-	
9	TEMP_SENSE	Temperature sensor input	Supported sensor: PTC, Klixon	
10	DATA_B+	Data channel B	RS422/RS485, Rin 121 Ohm, 1 Mbit max.	
11	DATA_B-			
12	cos	Cosinus analog input	1Vpp, 100 kHz max.	
13	REFCOS	Reference for Cosinus	1Vpp, 100 kHz max.	
14	REFSIN	Reference for Sinus analog input	1Vpp, 100 kHz max.	
15	ENC+5V_OUT	Encoder Supply 5 Vdc	+5 Vdc / 250 mA	
Shield		Overall cable shielding for signal lines	The shield is connected in the connector via the housing.	

#### **Cable characteristics**

Pin	Twisted Wire pair digital	Twisted Wire pair analog	ABI	sin/cos 1 Vpp	I/O
1	1	NC	R	-	I/O
2					
3	4a *	4a *	-	1	0
4	3	NC	R	-	1
5					
6	NC	2	-	R	0
7	4b *	4b *	-	-	0
8	4 or 5	4 or 5	R	R	
9	5	5	Opt.	Opt.	1
10	2	NC	R	-	1
11					
12	NC	3	-	R	-
13					
14	NC	2	-	R	0
15	4c *	4c *	-	•	0
Shield			R	R	

\*: Wired depending on selected supply voltage

R: Required

-: Not required

Opt.: Optional

#### **Special Features:**

- Wire break detection on DATA\_A and DATA\_B channel
- Safety: SIL1 (SC SIL2)

#### NOTE:

- Cable connector needs to be screwed to CN3 Encoder interface and cable must be maintained on cabinet backplane and drive top
- If you add an option module, verify the wiring diagram which is different between the CN3 connector and the Analog Encoder module (VW3A3422), or the Digital Encoder module (VW3A3420).

#### Cable connection tips:

- Before connecting the encoder cable check carefully the wiring against above signal table and ensure that there are no short circuits between signals
- For 24V encoder supply activation see the parameter [24 V Supply Output] 5 2 4 V described in the programming manual, page 11.
- For good EMC performance and connection reliability under vibration ensure proper assembly of encoder connector to CN3 interface by UNC screw fixing
- Encoder cable needs to be maintained on top of drive (use cable tie fixation on plastic fin) or cabinet backplane for strain relief

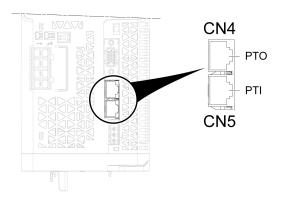
Maximum cable length according to encoder supply:

- 12 Vdc / 24 Vdc: 100 m (328 ft)
- 5 Vdc: 10 m (32 ft)

#### Recommended encoder cable:

- Encoder cable 100 m (328 ft), ends open, catalog number VW3M8221R1000
  - 1 x 2 x 0.5 mm² (AWG20) for supply line
  - 5 x 2 x 0.25 mm² (AWG26) for signal and sensor lines

# **Drive Frame Sizes 1...3 - Top Side CN4 Connector**



Termi- nal	Description	I/O Type		
PTO	Pulse train output	0	<ul> <li>5 Vdc differential RS422 signals</li> <li>Logic level as per RS422</li> <li>Output frequency per signal ≤ 500 kHz</li> <li>Motor increments per second ≤ 1.6*10<sup>6</sup> lnc/s</li> </ul>	

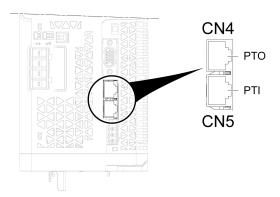
#### Recommended encoder cable:

- Both ends grounded
- · Twisted Pair
- PELV
- Minimum conductor cross section: 0.14 mm² (AWG 24)
- Maximum length: 100m (328 ft)

# PTO, Detail of Connector Pin

RJ45 Pin	PTO Function		Twisted Pair (P)
1	Α	Chanel A	(P1)
2	/A	Chanel A inverted	(P1)
3	I	Chanel I	(P3)
4	В	Chanel B	(P2)
5	/B	Chanel B inverted	(P2)
6	/I	Chanel I inverted	(P3)
7		0 Volt	_
8		0 Volt	_

## **Drive Frame Sizes 1...3 - Top Side CN5 Connector**



Terminal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics
PTI	Pulse train input	I	5 Vdc or 24 Vdc signals.
			The following signals can be connected:
			A/B signals (Encoder channel A / Encoder channel B)
			P/D signals (Pulse/Direction)
			CW/CCW signals (ClockWise / CounterClockWise)

Recommended encoder cable:

- · Both ends grounded
- Twisted Pair
- PELV
- Minimum conductor cross section: 0.14 mm² (AWG 24)

## PTI, Input circuit and selection of method

The input circuit and the selected method affect the maximum permissible input frequency and the maximum permissible line length:

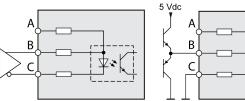
Input circuit	Unit	RS422	Push pull	Open collector
Minimum input frequency with method position synchronization	Hz	0	0	0
Minimum input frequency with method velocity synchronization	Hz	100	100	100
Maximum input frequency	MHz	1	0.2	0.01
Maximum line length	m (ft)	100 (328)	10 (32.8)	1 (3.28)

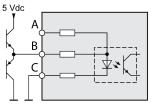
#### PTI, signal Input circuits 5 Vdc

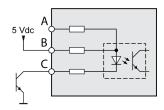
RS422

Push Pull

Open Collector



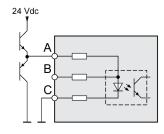


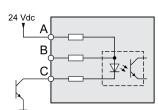


PTI, signal Input circuits 24 Vdc

Push Pull

Open Collector





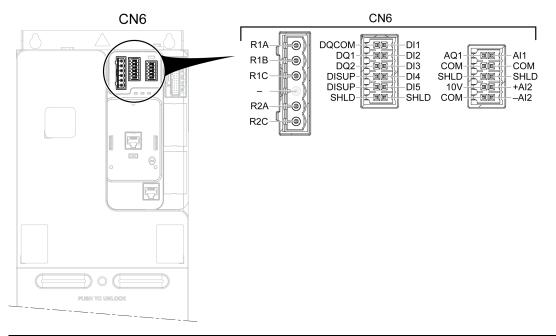
# PTI, Detail of Connector Pins

CN5



PTI signal	Pin	Input	RS422	or 5Vdc (1)	2	4Vdc
FITSIGNAL	Pin	iliput	Twisted Pair (P)	Function	Twisted Pair (P)	Function
	1	В	(P1)	Encoder channel A 5Vdc	-	-
	2	С	(P1)	Encoder channel A, inverted	(P1)	Encoder channel A, inverted
	3	-	-	-	-	-
A/B	4	В	(P2)	Encoder channel B 5Vdc	-	-
A/b	5	С	(P2)	Encoder channel B, inverted	(P2)	Encoder channel B, inverted
	6	-	-	-	-	-
	7	Α	-	-	(P1)	Encoder channel A 24Vdc
	8	Α	-	-	(P2)	Encoder channel B 24Vdc
	1	В	(P1)	Pulse 5Vdc	-	-
	2	С	(P1)	Pulse, inverted	(P1)	Pulse, inverted
	3	-	-	-	-	-
D./D	4	В	(P2)	Direction 5Vdc	-	-
P/D	5	С	(P2)	Direction, inverted	(P2)	Direction, inverted
	6	-	-	-	-	-
	7	Α	-	-	(P1)	Pulse 24Vdc
	8	Α	-	-	(P2)	Direction 24Vdc
	1	В	(P1)	Pulse positive 5Vdc	-	-
	2	С	(P1)	Pulse positive, inverted	(P1)	Pulse positive, inverted
	3	_	-	-	-	-
	4	В	(P2)	Pulse negative 5Vdc	-	-
CW/CCW	5	С	(P2)	Pulse negative, inverted	(P2)	Pulse negative, inverted
	6	ı	-		-	-
	7	Α	-	-	(P1)	Pulse positive 24Vdc
	8	Α	-	-	(P2)	Pulse negative 24Vdc

## **Drive Frame Sizes 1...3 - Front Side CN6 Connectors**

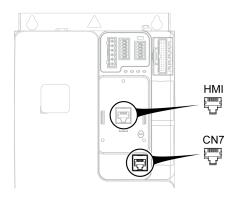


Terminal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics
R1A	NO contact of relay R1	0	Output Relay R1
R1B	NC contact of relay R1	0	Minimum switching capacity: 5 mA for 24 Vdc
R1C	Common point contact	0	Maximum switching current on resistive load:
KIO	of relay R1		3 A for 250 Vac (OVC II) and 30 Vdc
			<ul> <li>Maximum switching current on inductive load: (cos</li></ul>
			voltage surge suppression device according to AC or DC operation with total energy dissipation greater than the inductive energy stored in the load. Refer to sections Output Relay with Inductive AC Loads, page 151 and Output Relay with Inductive DC Loads, page 152.
			Refresh time: 5 ms ± 0.5 ms
			Service life: 100,000 operations at maximum switching current
-	Not wired	NC	Must not be wired to help ensure insulation distance with 230 Vac signals
R2A	NO contact of relay R2	0	Output Relay R2
R2C	Common point contact O		Minimum switching capacity: 5 mA for 24 Vdc
-	of relay R2		Maximum switching current on resistive load:
			5 A for 250 Vac (OVCII) and 3A for 30 Vdc
			<ul> <li>Maximum switching current on inductive load: (cos φ ≥0.4 and L/R ≤ 7 ms)</li> </ul>
			2 A for 250 Vac (OVCII) and 30 Vdc. Inductive load must be equipped with a voltage surge limitation device according to AC or DC operation with total energy dissipation greater than the inductive energy stored in the load. Refer to sections Output Relay with Inductive AC Loads, page 151 and Output Relay with Inductive DC Loads, page 152.
			Refresh time: 5 ms ± 0.5 ms
			Service life:
			100,000 operations at maximum switching current
			∘ 1,000,000 operations at 0.5 A
DQCOM	Digital output common	I/O	Common for Logic output DQx
DQ1	Digital input/output	I/O	2 programmable logic inputs/outputs, using configuration menus [DQ1
DQ2			Configuration] d a I and [DQ2 Configuration] d a 2
			Digital Output
			Insulated, Input impedance 4.4 kΩ
			Maximum voltage: 30 Vdc
		1	Maximum output current: 100 mA
		1	Frequency range: 01 kHz
			Output Positive/Negative logic is managed by user external wiring.

Terminal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics
			Digital Input: Inputs comply with IEC/EN 61131-2 logic type 1  Positive logic (Source): State 0 if≤5 Vdc or logic input not wired, state 1 if≥11 Vdc  Negative logic (Sink): State 0 if≥16 Vdc or logic input not wired, state 1 if≤10 Vdc  Maximum sampling time: 2 ms + 0.5 ms maximum  Multiple assignment makes it possible to configure several functions on one input
DISUP	Digital input supply	I/O	Common supply for digital inputs on front potential depending on Sink/Source switch setting.
SHLD	I/O Shield	I/O	Shield for inputs/outputs
DI1-DI5	Digital input	I	5 programmable logic inputs. 24 Vdc input voltage  Comply with IEC/EN 61131-2 logic type 1  • Positive logic (Source): State 0 if ≤ 5 Vdc or logic input not wired, state 1 if ≥ 11 Vdc  • Negative logic (Sink): State 0 if≥16 Vdc or logic input not wired, state 1 if ≤ 10 Vdc  • Impedance 4.4 kΩ  • Maximum voltage: 30 Vdc  • Sampling time: 2 ms + 0.5 ms maximum  Multiple assignment makes it possible to configure several functions on one input (example: Dl1 assigned to forward and preset speed 2, Dl3 assigned to reverse and preset speed 3).
AQ1	Analog output	0	<ul> <li>Analog output software-configurable for voltage or current</li> <li>Voltage analog output 010 Vdc, minimum. Minimum load impedance 470 Ω</li> <li>Current analog output X-Y mA by programming X and Y from 020 mA, maximum load impedance 500 Ω</li> <li>Sampling time: 5 ms + 1 ms maximum</li> <li>Resolution 10 bits</li> <li>Accuracy: ±1 % for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)</li> <li>Linearity ±0.2 %</li> </ul>
Al1	Analog input and sensor input		Software-configurable V/A: voltage or current analog input  Voltage analog input 010 Vdc, impedance 30 kΩ,  Current analog input X-Y mA by programming X and Y from 020 mA, with impedance 250 Ω  Sampling time: 1 ms + 1 ms maximum  Resolution 12 bits  Accuracy: ±0.6 % for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)  Linearity ±0.15 % of maximum value  Software-configurable thermal sensors  PT100  1 thermal sensor  Sensor current: 5 mA maximum  Range -20200 °C (-4392 °F)  Accuracy ±4 °C (±7.2 °F) for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)  PT1000  1 thermal sensor  Sensor current: 1 mA  Range -20200 °C (-4392 °F)  Accuracy ±4 °C (±7.2 °F) for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)  KTY84  1 thermal sensor  Sensor current: 1 mA  Range -20200 °C (-4392 °F)  Accuracy ±4 °C (±7.2 °F) for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)

Terminal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics	
			· PTC	
			6 sensors maximum mounted in series	
			Sensor current: 1 mA	
			<ul> <li>Nominal value: &lt; 1.5 kΩ</li> </ul>	
			$\circ$ Overheat trigger threshold: 2.9 kΩ ± 0.2 kΩ	
			$_{\circ}$ Overheat reset threshold: 1.575 kΩ ± 0.075 kΩ	
			$_{\circ}$ Low impedance detection threshold: 50 $\Omega$ –10 $\Omega/\text{+}20~\Omega$	
			$_{\circ}$ Protected for low impedance < 1000 $\Omega$	
AI4-AI5	Analog input and sensor input	1	NOTE: Al4 and Al5 are available only if VW3A3203 I/O extension module has been inserted.	
			You can order the I/O extension module on www.se.com/ww/en/product/VW3A3203.	
			For the characteristics, refers to the instruction sheet (EAV76404).	
COM	Analog I/O Common	I/O	0 V for analog outputs and inputs	
SHLD	Analog I/O Shield	I/O	Shield for analog inputs/outputs	
10V	Output supply for Analog input / Ref. pot.	0	Internal supply for the analog inputs  10.5 Vdc  Tolerance ±5 %  Current: maximum 10 mA  Short circuit protected	
AI2+/AI2-	Analog input differential	I	Voltage bipolar analog input –1010 Vdc, impedance 20 kΩ  • Maximum sampling time: 1 ms + 1 ms maximum  • Resolution 12 bits  • Accuracy: ±0.6 % for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)  • Linearity ±0.15 % of maximum value	

#### Drive Frame Sizes 1...3 - Front Side HMI and CN7 RJ45 Modbus Connectors



**HMI**: It is intended to connect the optional plain text display terminal or graphic display terminal.

- Plain text display terminal (VW3A1113): can be either plugged on the drive or mounted on the door of an enclosure with its dedicated door mounting kit (VW3A1114).
- Graphic display terminal (VW3A1111): cannot be plugged directly on the drive. It can be connected to the HMI port using a cable or it can be mounted on the door of an enclosure with its dedicated door mounting kit (VW3A1112)

**CN7**: RJ45 Modbus VP12S port reserved for modbus fieldbus and commissioning tool.

Wiring Diagram - PC with commissioning software



#### Detail of connector pins

Pin	Signal	Meaning	I/O
13	-	Reserved	-
4	MOD_D1	Bidirectional transmit/receive signal	RS485 level
5	MOD_D0	Bidirectional transmit/receive signal, inverted	RS485 level
6	-	Reserved	-
7	MOD+10V_OUT	10 V supply, maximum 100 mA	0
8	MOD_0V	Reference potential to MOD+10V_OUT	

## Control Terminals Electrical data for Frame Sizes 4 and 5

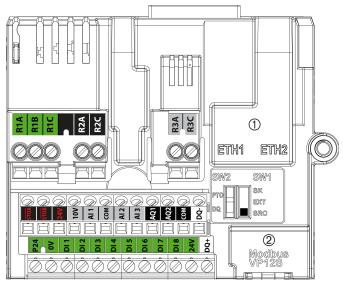
#### **General**

This section provides technical data relating to control terminals for frame sizes 4, 5. The control terminals electrical data are different for frame sizes 1,2,3 and frame sizes 4, 5.

#### NOTE:

- For a description of the terminal arrangement, refer to Arrangement and Characteristics of Control Terminals and Communication And I/O Ports, page 106.
- For cable lengths, refer to the table given in the Cable Length Instructions For the Control Part section, page 75.
- For factory setting I/O assignment, refer to the programming manual, page 11.
- For all LEDs description, refer to the Drive status LEDs, page 134 or to the programming manual, page 11.

#### **Characteristics of Control Terminals**



#### NOTE:

- For a description of the terminal arrangement, refer to Arrangement and Characteristics of Control Terminals and Communication And I/O Ports, page 106.
- For factory setting I/O assignment, refer to the programming manual, page 11.

Terminal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics
R1A	NO contact of relay R1	0	Output Relay R1
R1B	NC contact of relay R1	0	Minimum switching capacity: 5 mA for 24 Vdc     Maximum switching current on resistive load:
R1C	Common point contact of relay R1	0	<ul> <li>3 A for 250 Vac (OVC II) and 30 Vdc</li> <li>Maximum switching current on inductive load: (cos</li></ul>

Terminal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics	
R2A	NO contact of relay R2	0	Output Relay R2/R3	
R2C	Common point contact of	0	Minimum switching capacity: 5 mA for 24 Vdc	
	relay R2		Maximum switching current on resistive load:	
R3A	NO contact of relay R3	0	5 A for 250 Vac (OVCII) and 3A for 30 Vdc	
R3C	Common point contact of relay R3	0	<ul> <li>Maximum switching current on inductive load: (cos</li></ul>	
			<ul> <li>Refresh time: 5 ms ± 0.5 ms</li> <li>Service life:         <ul> <li>100,000 operations at maximum switching current</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>1,000,000 operations at 0.5 A</li> </ul>	
STOA, STOB	STO inputs	I	Safety Function STO Inputs  Refer to the Embedded Safety Function Manual (NVE64143) available on www.se. com	
24V	Output power supply for digital inputs and safety function STO inputs	0	Use only PELV standard power supply unit.  + 24 Vdc  Tolerance: minimum 20.4 Vdc, maximum 27 Vdc  Current: maximum 200 mA for both 24 Vdc terminals  Terminal protected against overload and short-circuit  In Sink Ext position, this supply is powered by external PLC supply	
10V	Output supply for Analog input	0	Internal supply for the analog inputs  10.5 Vdc  Tolerance ±5 %  Current: maximum 10 mA  Short circuit protected	
AI1, AI3	Analog input and sensor input		Software-configurable V/A: voltage or current analog input  Voltage analog input 010 Vdc, impedance 31.5 kΩ,  Current analog input X-Y mA by programming X and Y from 020 mA, with impedance 250 Ω  Sampling time: 1 ms + 1 ms maximum  Resolution 12 bits  Accuracy: ±0.6 % for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)  Linearity ±0.15 % of maximum value  Software-configurable thermal sensors  PT100  1 thermal sensor  Sensor current: 5 mA maximum  Range -20200 °C (-4392 °F)  Accuracy ±4 °C (±7.2 °F) for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)  PT1000  1 thermal sensor  Sensor current: 1 mA  Range -20200 °C (-4392 °F)  Accuracy ±4 °C (±7.2 °F) for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)  KTY84  1 thermal sensor  Sensor current: 1 mA  Range -20200 °C (-4392 °F)  Accuracy ±4 °C (±7.2 °F) for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)  Accuracy ±4 °C (±7.2 °F) for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)	

Terminal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics
Al4-Al5	Analog input and sensor	I	<ul> <li>PTC</li> <li>6 sensors maximum mounted in series</li> <li>Sensor current: 1 mA</li> <li>Nominal value: &lt; 1.5 kΩ</li> <li>Overheat trigger threshold: 2.9 kΩ ± 0.2 kΩ</li> <li>Overheat reset threshold: 1.575 kΩ ± 0.075 kΩ</li> <li>Low impedance detection threshold: 50 Ω –10 Ω/+20 Ω</li> <li>Protected for low impedance &lt; 1000 Ω</li> </ul> NOTE: Al4 and Al5 are available only if VW3A3203 I/O extension module has
	input		been inserted.  You can order the I/O extension module on www.se.com/ww/en/product/VW3A3203.  For the characteristics, refers to the instruction sheet (EAV76404).
СОМ	Analog I/O common	I/O	0 V for Analog inputs/outputs
Al2	Analog input	I	Voltage bipolar analog input –1010 Vdc, impedance 31.5 kΩ  • Sampling time: 1 ms + 1 ms maximum  • Resolution 12 bits  • Accuracy: ±0.6 % for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)  • Linearity ±0.15 % of maximum value
AQ1	Analog output	0	AQ: Analog output software-configurable for voltage or current
AQ2	Analog output	0	<ul> <li>Voltage analog output 010 Vdc, minimum. Minimum load impedance 470 Ω,</li> <li>Current analog output X-Y mA by programming X and Y from 020 mA, maximum load impedance 500 Ω</li> <li>Sampling time: 5 ms + 1 ms maximum</li> <li>Resolution 10 bits</li> <li>Accuracy: ±1 % for a temperature variation of 60 °C (108 °F)</li> <li>Linearity ±0.2 %</li> </ul>
СОМ	Digital and analog output Common	I/O	0 V for analog outputs and logic output
DQ-	Digital output DQ1	0	Digital output configurable by switch
DQ+		0	<ul> <li>Insulated</li> <li>Maximum voltage: 30 Vdc</li> <li>Maximum current: 100 mA</li> <li>Frequency range: 01 kHz</li> <li>Positive/Negative logic is managed by user external wiring.</li> </ul>
DQ+	Pulse output	0	Pulse train output configurable by switch  Open collector not insulated  Maximum voltage: 30 Vdc  Maximum current: 20 mA  Frequency range: 030 kHz
P24	External input supply	I	+24 Vdc external input supply  Tolerance: minimum 19 Vdc, maximum 30 Vdc  Maximum current: 0.8 A
0V	0 V	I/O	0 V of P24

Terminal	Description	I/O Type	Electrical characteristics	
DI1-DI8	Digital inputs	I	<ul> <li>8 programmable logic inputs 24 Vdc, comply with IEC/EN 61131-2 logic type 1</li> <li>Positive logic (Source): State 0 if ≤ 5 Vdc or logic input not wired, state 1 if ≥ 11 Vdc</li> <li>Negative logic (Sink):State 0 if ≥ 16 Vdc or logic input not wired, state 1 if ≤ 10 Vdc</li> <li>Impedance 3.5 kΩ</li> <li>Maximum voltage: 30 Vdc</li> <li>Sampling time: 2 ms + 0.5 ms maximum</li> <li>Multiple assignment makes it possible to configure several functions on one input (example: DI1 assigned to forward and preset speed 2, DI3 assigned to reverse and preset speed 3).</li> </ul>	
DI7-DI8	Pulse inputs	I	Programmable Pulse input, comply with level 1 PLC, IEC 65A-68 standard  • State 0 if < 0.6 Vdc, state 1 if > 2.5 Vdc  • Pulse counter 030 kHz  • Frequency range: 030 kHz  • Cyclic ratio: 50 % ±10 %  • Maximum input voltage 30 Vdc, < 10 mA  • Sampling time: 5 ms + 1 ms maximum	

## Wiring The Control Part of Frame Sizes 4 and 5

## **Preliminary Instructions**

## **AADANGER**

#### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

Read and understand the instructions in **Safety Information** chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

## **NOTICE**

#### **INCORRECT VOLTAGE**

Supply the digital inputs with 24 Vdc only.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

#### NOTE:

- Analog inputs and outputs Alx, AQx, COM use shielded cable and each analog input and output has its own COM line.
- Each PTC input has its own COM line, not shared with other Inputs/ Outputs.
- All digital inputs DIx use one common 24V line in source mode or one common COM line in sink mode. This 24V or COM line is used only for DIx.
- Digital output DQ+/DQ- uses a 24V or a COM line which is not shared with other Inputs/Outputs.
- Safe torque off inputs STOA / STOB use shielded cables and one common 24V line. This 24V line is used only for STOA / STOB.

**NOTE:** For cable lengths, refer to the table given in the Cable Length Instructions For the Control Part section, page 75.

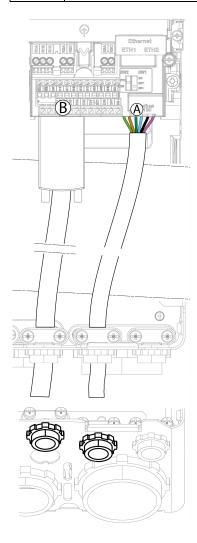
## **Optional Module Installation and Wiring**

#### NOTE:

- For possible fieldbus module list, refer to the catalog, page 11.
- For fieldbus modules information, refer to the instruction sheet S1A45591 available on www.se.com

To help ensure correct wiring of the control part, apply the following instructions to install and connect a module to be wired

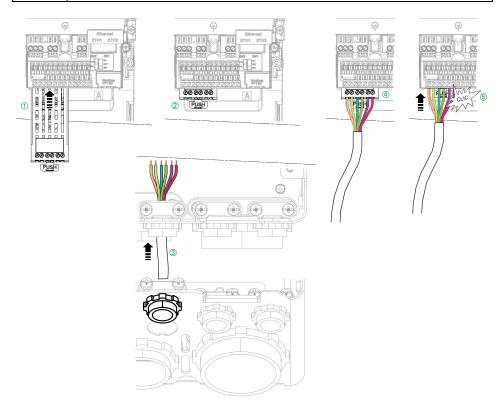
Step	Action
1	Insert the module in the slot A or B , page 109.
2	Insert the cable in the cabling plate, according to the outlined locations. The breakable cut out is used for fieldbus cables.
3	Connect the cable to the module



# I/O Relay Module Installation and Wiring

To help ensure correct wiring of the control part, apply the following instructions to install and connect an I/O relay module.

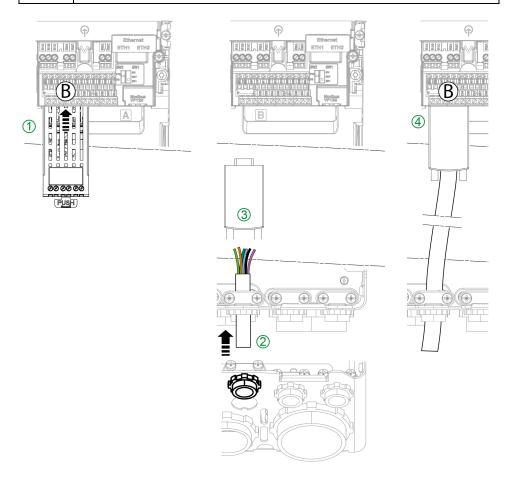
Step	Action
1	Insert the I/O relay module in an option slot.
2	Push the module into its location and keep access to the module terminal screws.
3	Insert the I/O cable in the cabling plate, according to the outlined location.
4	Wire the I/O relay module.
5	Push again the module to its final position.



# **Encoder Interface Module Installation and Wiring**

To help ensure correct wiring of the control part, apply the following instructions to install the encoder interface module

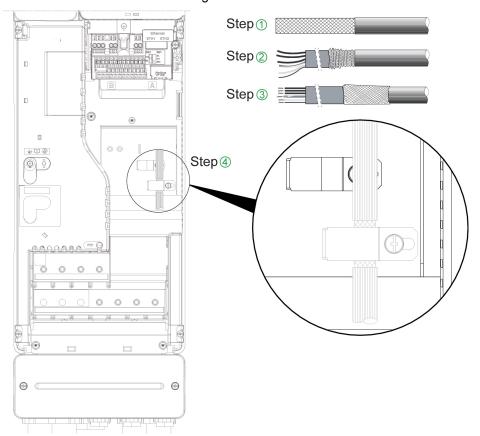
Step	Action
1	Insert the encoder interface module in the slot B , page 109 and push it to its final position until you hear a "click" sound
2	Insert the cable in the cabling plate, according to the outlined location.
3	Wire the SUB-D connector
4	Plug the SUB-D connector on the option module



## **Encoder Cable Shielding**

To improve EMC performance:

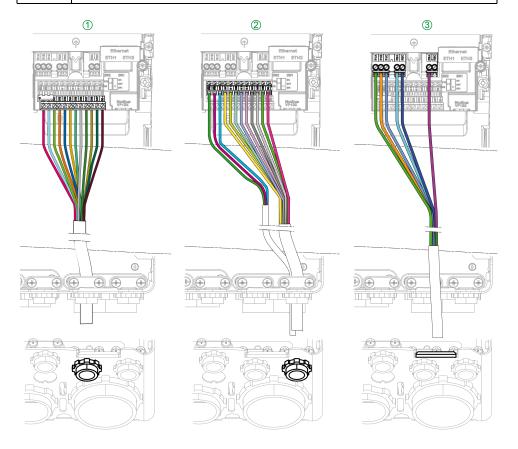
- Connect the shielding to the encoder on the motor side.
- Ensure the shielding continuity of the cable between the drive and the encoder.
- On the drive side, perform the wiring of the optional digital encoder interface module as described on the figure below:



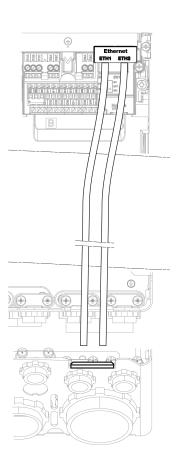
# **Control Block Wiring**

To help ensure correct wiring of the control part, apply the following instructions to wire the control block terminals

Step	Action
1	Wire the P24, 0V, the digital inputs (DI1DI8), the 24V and DQ+ terminals
2	Wire the safety outputs \$\overline{STOA}\$, \$\overline{STOB}\$, the 24V, the 10V, the analog inputs (Al1Al3), the COM, the analog outputs (AQ1AQ2), the COM and DQ- terminals
3	Wire the Relay outputs



## **Ethernet Cable Path**



### **Product LEDs**

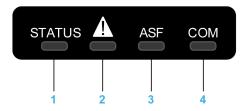
#### Introduction

The drive embeds status LEDs that are used to indicate the drive status.

The number of LEDs available varies according to the drive rating.

- For frame sizes 1...3 ATV340U07N4...ATV340D22N4: 4 LEDs.
- For frame sizes 1...3 ATV340U07N4E...ATV340D22N4E: 4 additional LEDs on ETH1 and ETH2 ports.
- For frame sizes 4 and 5 ATV340D30N4E to ATV340D75N4E: 10 LEDs.

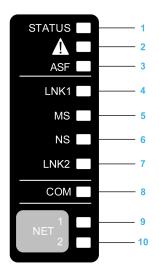
## LEDs Description ATV340U07N4• to ATV340D22N4•



Following table provides the details of the drive status LEDs:

Item	LED	Color & status	Description
1	STATUS	OFF	Indicates that the drive is powered off
		Green flashing	Indicates that the drive is not running, ready to start
		Green blinking	Indicates that the drive is in transitory status (acceleration, deceleration, and so on)
		Green on	Indicates that the drive is running
		Yellow on	Device visual identification when using the DTM based commissioning software
2	Warning/Error	Red flashing	Indicates that the drive has detected a warning
		Red on	Indicates that the drive has detected an error
3	ASF	Yellow on	Indicates that the safety function has been triggered
4	СОМ	Yellow flashing	Indicates embedded Modbus serial activity

## LEDs Description ATV340D30N4E to ATV340D75N4E



#### Following table provides the details of the drive status LEDs:

Item	LED	Color & status	Description
1	STATUS	OFF	Indicates that the drive is powered off
		Green flashing	Indicates that the drive is not running, ready to start
		Green blinking	Indicates that the drive is in transitory status (acceleration, deceleration, and so on)
		Green on	Indicates that the drive is running
		Yellow on	Device Visual identification function when using SoMove or the device DTM
2	Warning/Error	Red flashing	Indicates that the drive has detected a warning
		Red on	Indicates that the drive has detected an error
3	ASF	Yellow on	Indicates that the safety function has been triggered

#### Following table provides the details of the embedded Ethernet LEDs:

Item	LED	Color & status	Description	
4	LNK1	OFF	No link.	
		Green/Yellow flashing	Power on testing.	
		Green on	Link established at 100 Mbit/s.	
		Green flashing	Link established at 10 Mbit/s.	
		Yellow flashing	Fieldbus activity at 100 Mbit/s.	
		Yellow on	Fieldbus activity at 10 Mbit/s.	
5	MS	OFF	No power is supplied to the device.	
		Green/Red flashing	Power up testing.	
		Green on	The device is operating correctly.	
		Green flashing	The device has not been configured.	
		Red flashing	The device has detected a recoverable minor detected error.	
		Red on	The device has detected a non-recoverable major detected error.	
6	NS	OFF	The device does not have an IP address or powered off.	
		Green/Red flashing	Power on testing.	
		Green on	A connection is established to control the command word.	
		Green flashing	Device has a valid IP, but no command word connection.	
		Red flashing	Duplicated IP.	
		Red on	An established connection to control the command word is closes or timed out.	
7	LNK2	OFF	No link.	
		Green/Yellow flashing	Power on testing.	
		Green on	Link established at 100 Mbit/s.	
		Green flashing	Link established at 10 Mbit/s.	
		Yellow flashing	Fieldbus activity at 100 Mbit/s.	
		Yellow on	Fieldbus activity at 10 Mbit/s.	

#### Following table provides the details of the embedded Modbus serial LEDs:

Item	LED	Color & status	Description	
8	СОМ	Yellow flashing	Indicates embedded Modbus serial activity	

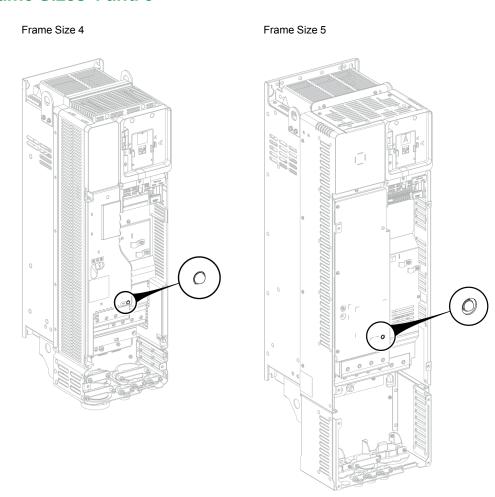
#### Following table provides the details of the fieldbus module LEDs:

Item	LED	Color & status	Description	
9	NET 1 Green/Red For details, refer to the fieldbus manual		For details, refer to the fieldbus manual	
10	NET 2	Green/Red	For details, refer to the fieldbus manual	

## Sercos III LEDs on ATV340 \*\*\*\* S

Please refer to the ATV340 Sercos III manual PHA33735 (English).

## DC BUS LED on Frame Sizes 4 and 5



# **SK EXT SRC Switch Configuration**

# SK-EXT-SRC Switch Configuration on Frame Sizes 1...3: ATV340U07N4•...D22N4•

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- If the drive is set to **Sink Int** or **Sink Ext**, do not connect the **0 V** terminal to ground or to protective ground.
- Verify that accidental grounding of digital inputs configured for sink logic, caused, for example, by damage to the signal cables, cannot occur.
- Follow all applicable standards and directives such as NFPA 79 and EN 60204 for proper control circuit grounding practices.

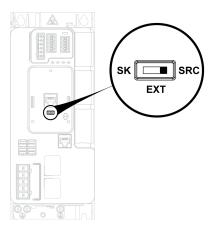
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

## **Switch Description**

The switch markings correspond to the following:

Marking	Description
SK	Sink internal
EXT	Sink external
SRC	Source

The switch is used to adapt the operation of the digital inputs to the technology of the programmable controller outputs. The switch is located below the HMI port. It has only an influence on DIx and DQx used in digital input mode.



## **Settings**

Switch Position		Description	Power Supply
SK EXT SRC	Source	Set the switch to SRC Source (factory setting) if using PLC outputs with PNP transistors.  Positive Logic PLC. Outputs switches to +24V when active. Common to Europe PLCs.	DISUP: 24 Vdc Can be used to supply 24 Vdc to switches.
SK EXT SRC	Exter- nal (sink)	Switch Set to EXT (Sink external) position and use of an External Power Supply	DISUP: To be connected to 24 Vdc to supply all DIx internal logic
SK EXT SRC	Sink	Set the switch to SK (Sink internal) if using PLC outputs with NPN transistors. Negative Logic PLC, Outputs switches to 0 V when active. Common to Asian PLCs.	DISUP: 0V  Can be used to supply 0V to switches

# SK-EXT-SRC Switch SW1 Configuration on Frame Sizes 4 and 5: ATV340D30N4E...D75N4E

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- If the drive is set to **Sink Int** or **Sink Ext**, do not connect the **0 V** terminal to ground or to protective ground.
- Verify that accidental grounding of digital inputs configured for sink logic, caused, for example, by damage to the signal cables, cannot occur.
- Follow all applicable standards and directives such as NFPA 79 and EN 60204 for proper control circuit grounding practices.

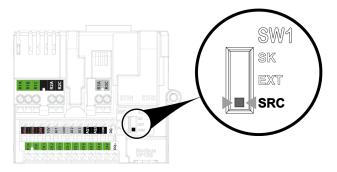
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

# **Switch Description**

The switch markings correspond to the following:

Marking	Description
SK	Sink internal
EXT	Sink external
SRC	Source

The switch is used to adapt the operation of the logic inputs to the technology of the programmable controller outputs. To access the switch, follow the Access to control Terminals procedure, page 104. The switch is located in the right side of the control terminals. It has only influence on DIx.



# **Settings**

Switch Position		Description	Power Supply
SW1	Source	Set the switch to SRC Source (factory setting) if using PLC outputs with PNP transistors.  Positive Logic PLC. Outputs switches to +24V when active. Common to Europe PLCs.	Can be used to supply 24 Vdc to switches.
SW1 SK EXT SRC	External (sink)	Switch Set to EXT (Sink external) position and use of an External Power Supply	24 Vdc to supply all DIx internal logic
SW1 SK EXT SRC	Sink	Set the switch to SK (Sink internal) if using PLC outputs with NPN transistors. Negative Logic PLC, Outputs switches to 0 V when active. Common to Asian PLCs.	Can be used to supply 0V to switches

# PTO - DQ Switch (SW2) Configuration

## PTO, Pulse Train Output Configuration on Frame Sizes 4 and 5

## **Purpose**

## **AWARNING**

## **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- If the drive is set to **Sink Int** or **Sink Ext**, do not connect the **0 V** terminal to ground or to protective ground.
- Verify that accidental grounding of digital inputs configured for sink logic, caused, for example, by damage to the signal cables, cannot occur.
- Follow all applicable standards and directives such as NFPA 79 and EN 60204 for proper control circuit grounding practices.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

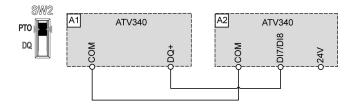
The SW2 (PTO/DQ) switch is used to configure the DQ+ or DQ- digital outputs.

- Set the switch to PTO (Pulse Train Output) to configure DQ+ and DQoutputs as pulse train outputs. This may be used to chain pulse train inputs of another drive, using its DI7 or DI8 pulse inputs.
- Set the switch to DQ (Digital Output) to configure DQ+ and DQ- outputs as an assignable logic output.

#### **Access**

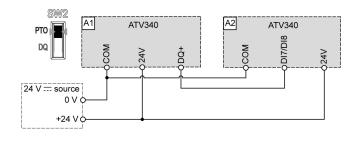
To access the switch, follow the Access to control Terminals procedure, page 104. The switch is located below the control terminals, page 108.

## Switches SW1 (A1&A2) Set to SK (Sink mode) Position



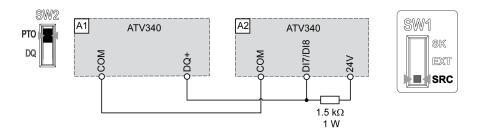


# Switches SW1 (A1&A2) Set to EXT (Sink ext mode) Position

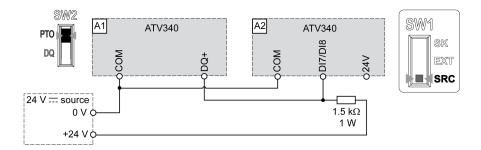




# Switches SW1 (A1&A2) Set to SRC (Source mode) Position



## Switches SW1 (A1&A2) Set to SRC (Source ext mode) Position



## **Digital Output Configuration on Frame Sizes 4 and 5**

## **Purpose**

## **AWARNING**

#### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- If the drive is set to **Sink Int** or **Sink Ext**, do not connect the **0 V** terminal to ground or to protective ground.
- Verify that accidental grounding of digital inputs configured for sink logic, caused, for example, by damage to the signal cables, cannot occur.
- Follow all applicable standards and directives such as NFPA 79 and EN 60204 for proper control circuit grounding practices.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The SW2 (PTO/DQ) switch is used to configure the DQ+ or DQ- digital outputs.

- Set the switch to PTO (Pulse Train Output) to configure DQ+ and DQoutputs as pulse train outputs. This may be used to chain pulse train inputs of another drive, using its DI7 or DI8 pulse inputs.
- Set the switch to DQ (Digital Output) to configure DQ+ and DQ- outputs as an assignable logic output.

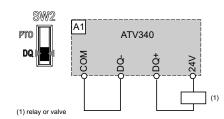
#### Access

To access the switch, follow the Access to control Terminals procedure, page 104.

The switch is located below the control terminals, page 108.

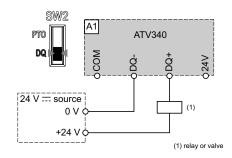
## Switch SW1 Set to SK (Sink mode) Position





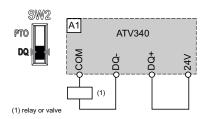
## Switch SW1 Set to EXT (Sink ext mode) Position





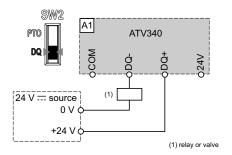
# Switch SW1 Set to SRC (Source mode) Position





# Switch SW1 Set to SRC (Source ext mode) Position





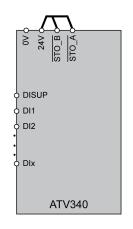
# Safe Torque Off STO Function

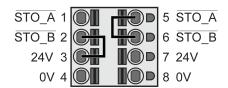
# STO Safe Torque Off Wiring Diagram for Frame Sizes 1...3

## **Wiring Diagram**

All details related to the STO safety function activation are given in the Embedded Safety Function Manual NVE64143.







**NOTE:** STO\_A and STO\_B terminals are not factory wired.

When not used for functional safety the STO inputs should be connected to 24V.

#### NOTE:

- On frame sizes 1, 2 and 3, the 24 V (pin 3) can be disabled using [24V Supply Output] 5 2 4 V menu. If the 24 V Supply output is disabled the STO signals must be externally supplied. Refer to the programming manual, page 11.
- To avoid triggering the STO function when switching-on the product, the external power supply must be previously switched on.

# STO Safe Torque Off Wiring Diagram for Frame Sizes 4 and 5

## **Wiring Diagram**

All details related to the STO safety function activation are given in the Embedded Safety Function Manual NVE64143.



When not used for functional safety the STO inputs should be connected to 24V.

#### NOTE:

- On frame sizes 4 and 5, STO inputs are also connected by default on a 24 Vdc terminal. If the external power supply is switched off, the function STO will be triggered.
- To avoid triggering the STO function when switching-on the product, the external power supply must be previously switched on.

# **Digital Inputs Wiring**

# **Digital Inputs Wiring on Frame Sizes 1...3**

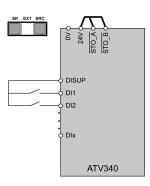
### **AWARNING**

### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- If the drive is set to **Sink Int** or **Sink Ext**, do not connect the **0 V** terminal to ground or to protective ground.
- Verify that accidental grounding of digital inputs configured for sink logic, caused, for example, by damage to the signal cables, cannot occur.
- Follow all applicable standards and directives such as NFPA 79 and EN 60204 for proper control circuit grounding practices.

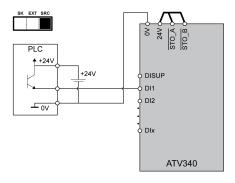
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

### **Digital Inputs: Internal Supply Using DISUP Signal**



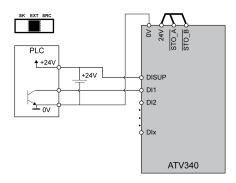
Switch can be set either to SK or SRC position. SRC setting recommended. In SRC position DISUP outputs 24 V. In SK position DISUP is connected to 0 V.

# Digital Inputs: Positive Logic, Source, European Style, External Supply



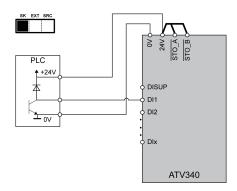
Set the switch to SRC position.

# Digital Inputs: Negative Logic, Sink, Asian Style, External Supply



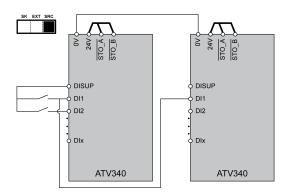
Set the switch to EXT position.

# Digital Inputs: Negative Logic, Sink, Asian Style, Internal supply



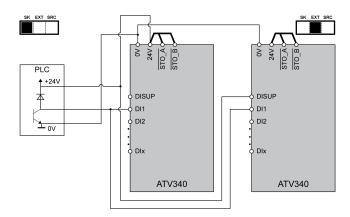
Set the switch to SK position.

# **Digital Inputs: Two ATV340 Share The Same Switch**



SRC setting recommended on both ATV340. With SK setting, an active switch will be detected when the second drive is switched-off.

# Digital Inputs: Negative Logic, Sink, Asian Style, Internal Supply - Two ATV340 Share The Same Switch



Set the switch to SK position on first drive. Set the switch to EXT position on the second drive.

Connect DISUP to 24V. Connect 0V.

# Digital Inputs Wiring on Frame Sizes 4 and 5, Depending on Sink / Source Switch Configuration

### **About the Switch**

### **▲ WARNING**

### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- If the drive is set to Sink Int or Sink Ext, do not connect the 0 V terminal to ground or to protective ground.
- Verify that accidental grounding of digital inputs configured for sink logic, caused, for example, by damage to the signal cables, cannot occur.
- Follow all applicable standards and directives such as NFPA 79 and EN 60204 for proper control circuit grounding practices.

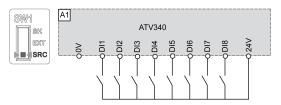
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The switch is used to adapt the operation of the logic inputs to the technology of the programmable controller outputs. To access the switch, follow the Access to Terminals procedure, page 104. The switch is located on the right hand side of the control terminals, page 108.

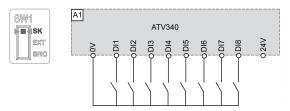
- Set the switch to Source (factory setting) if using PLC outputs with PNP transistors.
- Set the switch to Ext if using PLC outputs with NPN transistors.

# Wiring With Use of the Output Power Supply for the Digital Inputs

Switch set to SRC (Source) position



### Switch set to SK (Sink) position



### Wiring Use of an External Power Supply for the Digital Inputs

### **AADANGER**

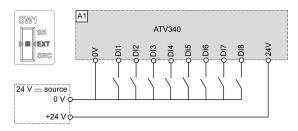
### **ELECTRIC SHOCK CAUSED BY INCORRECT POWER SUPPLY UNIT**

The +24VDC supply voltage is connected with many exposed signal connections in the drive system.

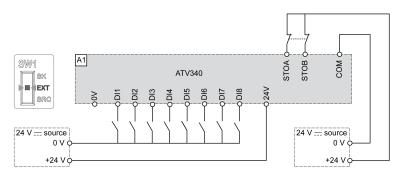
 Use a power supply unit that meets the PELV (Protective Extra Low Voltage) requirements.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Switch set to **EXT** (Sink External) position **without functional isolation** on digital inputs



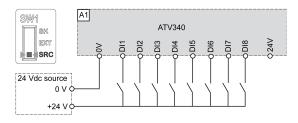
Switch set to **EXT** (Sink External) position **with functional isolation** on digital inputs. This configuration requires the use of 2 external supply units.



#### NOTE:

- STO inputs are also connected by default on a 24 Vdc terminal. If the external power supply is switched off, the function STO will be triggered.
- To avoid triggering the STO function when switching-on the product, the external power supply must be previously switched on.

Switch set to SRC (Source) position



# **Digital Outputs Wiring**

# **Digital Outputs Wiring on Frame sizes 1...3**

# **Digital Outputs: Internal Supply**

# **NOTICE**

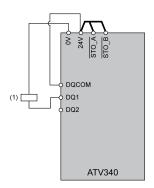
### **INCORRECT VOLTAGE**

Supply the digital inputs with 24 Vdc only.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Positive Logic, Source, European Style,

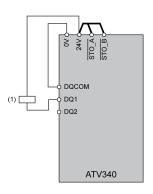
DQ switches to +24V



(1) relay or valve

Negative Logic, Sink, Asian Style,

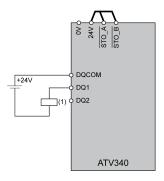
DQ switches to 0V



# **Digital Outputs: External Supply**

Positive Logic, Source, European Style,

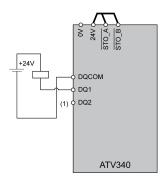
DQ switches to +24V



(1) relay or valve

Negative Logic, Sink, Asian Style,

DQ switches to 0V



# **DQ1** and **DQ2** settings

The following table shows the possible settings. Refer to the CN6 connector terminal description , page 119, the control block wiring diagram , page 80, and the programming manual, page 11.

If	Then
DQ1 and DQ2 are not configured (factory setting)	DQ1 and DQ2 are digital outputs
DQ1 and DQ2 are configured as digital inputs	DQ1 and DQ2 become digital inputs DI6 (DQ1) and DI7 (DQ2)

### NOTE:

- · Hardware wiring and software settings must be consistent,
- It is not possible to set DQ1 and DQ2 to get digital input and digital output at the same time.

# **Digital Outputs Wiring on Frame sizes 4 and 5**

# **Description and Wiring Diagrams**

The SW2 (PTO/DQ) switch is used to configure the DQ or DQ- digital outputs.

Refer to the PTO - DQ Switch (SW2) Configuration section, page 142

# **Relay Contacts Wiring**

# **Output Relay with Inductive AC Loads**

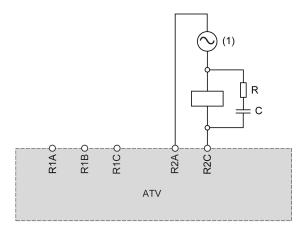
### General

The AC voltage source must be of overvoltage category II (OVC II) according to IEC 61800-5-1.

If it is not the case, an isolation transformer must be used.

### **Contactors with AC Coil**

If controlled by a relay, a resistor-capacitor (RC) circuit must be connected in parallel to the coil of the contactor as shown on the diagram below:



(1) AC 250 Vac maximum.

Schneider Electric AC contactors have a dedicated area on the housing to plug easily the RC device. Refer to the Motor control and protection components catalog MKTED210011EN available on se.com to find the RC device to be associated with the contactor used.

**Example:** With a 48 Vac source, contactors LC1D09E7 or LC1DT20E7 have to be used with LAD4RCE voltage suppression device.

### Other Inductive AC Loads

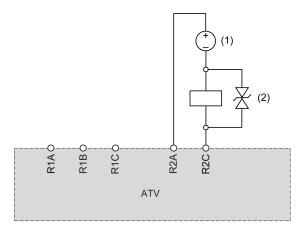
For other inductive AC loads:

- Use an auxiliary contactor connected on the product to control the load.
   Example: with a 48 Vac source, auxiliary contactors CAD32E7 or CAD50E7 with LAD4RCE voltage suppression device.
- When using a third party inductive AC load, request the supplier to provide information on the voltage suppression device, in order to avoid overvoltage above 375 V during relay opening.

# **Output Relay with Inductive DC loads**

### **Contactors with DC Coil**

If controlled by a relay, a bidirectional transient voltage suppression (TVS) diode, also called transil, must be connected in parallel to the coil of the contactor as shown on the diagram below:



(1) DC 30 Vdc maximum.

### (2) TVS diode

Schneider Electric contactors with DC coil include the TVS diode. No additional device is required.

Refer to the Motor control and protection components catalog MKTED210011EN available on se.com for more information.

### Other Inductive DC Loads

Other inductive DC loads without embedded TVS diode must use one of the following voltage suppression device:

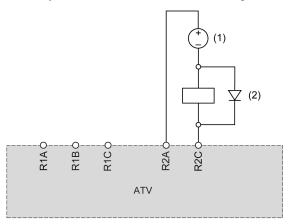
- A bidirectional TVS device as shown on the diagram above, defined by:
  - TVS break-down voltage greater than 35 Vdc,
  - TVS clamping voltage V(TVS) less than 50 Vdc
  - TVS peak power dissipation greater than load rated current, I(load) x V (TVS).

**Example:** with I(load) = 0.9 A and V(TVS) = 50 Vdc, TVS peak power must be greater than 45 W

 TVS average power dissipation greater than the value calculated by the following 0.5 x I(load) x V(TVS) x load time constant x number of operation per second.

**Example:** with I(load) = 0.9 A and V(TVS) = 50 Vdc, load time constant = 40 ms (load inductance divided by load resistance) and 1 operation every 3 s, the TVS average power dissipation must be greater than  $0.5 \times 0.9 \times 50 \times 0.04 \times 0.33 = 0.3$  W.

A fly-back diode as shown in the diagram below:



- (1) DC 30 Vdc maxi.
- (2) Flyback diode

The diode is a polarized device. The fly-back diode must be defined by:

- a reverse voltage greater than 100 Vdc,
- a rated current greater than two times the load rated current,
- a thermal resistance: junction to ambient temperature (in K/W) less than 90 / (1.1 x I(load)) to operate at maximum 60°C (140°F) ambient temperature.

**Example:** with I(load) = 1.5 A, select a 100 V, 3 A rated current diode with a thermal resistance from junction to ambient less than 90 /  $(1.1 \times 1.5) = 54.5$  K/W.

Using a flyback diode, the relay opening time will be longer than with a TVS diode.

**NOTE:** Use diodes with leads for easy wiring and keep at least 1 cm (0.39 in.) of leads on each side of the case of the diode for a correct cooling.

Variable Speed Drives Checking Installation

# **Checking Installation**

# **Before Switching On**

The safety function STO (Safe Torque Off) does not remove power from the DC bus. The safety function STO only removes power to the motor. The DC bus voltage and the mains voltage to the drive are still present.

### **AADANGER**

### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK

- Do not use the safety function STO for any other purposes than its intended function.
- Use an appropriate switch, that is not part of the circuit of the safety function STO, to disconnect the drive from the mains power.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Unsuitable settings or unsuitable data or unsuitable wiring may trigger unintended movements, trigger signals, damage parts and disable monitoring functions.

### **AWARNING**

### UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Only start the system if there are no persons or obstructions in the zone of operation.
- Verify that a functioning emergency stop push-button is within reach of all persons involved in the operation.
- Do not operate the product with unknown settings or data.
- Verify that the wiring is appropriate for the settings.
- Never modify a parameter unless you fully understand the parameter and all effects of the modification.
- When commissioning, carefully run tests for all operating states, operating conditions and potential error situations.
- Anticipate movements in unintended directions or oscillation of the motor.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

If the power stage is disabled unintentionally, for example as a result of power outage, errors or functions, there is a possibility that the motor is no longer decelerated in a controlled way.

# **AWARNING**

### **UNANTICIPATED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

Verify that movements without braking effect cannot cause injuries or equipment damage.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Checking Installation Variable Speed Drives

# **Mechanical Installation**

Verify the mechanical installation of the entire drive system:

	Step	Action	1
Ī	1	Does the installation meet the specified distance requirements?	
Ī	2	Did you tighten all fastening screws with the specified tightening torque?	

# **Electrical installation**

Verify the electrical connections and the cabling:

Step	Action	1	
1	Did you connect all protective ground conductors?		
2	The correct tightening of the screws may be altered during assembly and wiring phases of the drive.  Verify and adjust the tightening of all terminal screws to the specified nominal torque.		
3	Do all fuses and circuit breaker have the correct rating; are the fuses of the specified type? (refer to the information provided in the ATV340 Getting Started Annex (SCCR), catalog number NVE37641) for UL/CSA compliance and also in the catalog, page 11 for IEC compliance.		
4	Did you connect or insulate all wires at the cable ends?		
5	Did you properly connect and install all cables and connectors?		
6	Did you properly connect the signal wires?		
7	Did you properly separate and insulate control cabling / power cabling?		
8	Are the required shield connections EMC-compliant?		
9	Did you take all measures for EMC compliance?		

### **Covers And Seals**

Verify that all devices, doors and covers of cabinet are properly installed to meet the required degree of protection.

Variable Speed Drives Maintenance

# **Maintenance**

# **Scheduled Servicing**

# Serviceable products

The drives of frame sizes 1...3 are not serviceable products.

For drives of frame sizes 4 and 5 servicing, please refer to your Customer Care Center www.se.com/CCC.

# **Servicing**

### **AADANGER**

### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

Read and understand the instructions in **Safety Information** chapter before performing any procedure in this chapter.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The temperature of the products described in this manual may exceed 80 °C (176 °F) during operation.

### **▲** WARNING

### **HOT SURFACES**

- Ensure that any contact with hot surfaces is avoided.
- Do not allow flammable or heat-sensitive parts in the immediate vicinity of hot surfaces.
- · Verify that the product has sufficiently cooled down before handling it.
- Verify that the heat dissipation is sufficient by performing a test run under maximum load conditions.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

# **AWARNING**

### **INSUFFICIENT MAINTENANCE**

Verify that the maintenance activities described below are performed at the specified intervals.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Adherence to the environmental conditions must be ensured during operation of the drive. In addition, during maintenance, verify and, if appropriate, correct all factors that may have an impact on the environmental conditions.

Maintenance Variable Speed Drives

### **Maintenance Activities**

	Part concerned	Activity	Interval (1)	
Overall condition	All parts such as housing, HMI, control block, connections, etc.	Perform a visual inspection	At least every year	
Corrosion	Terminals, connectors, screws, EMC plate	Inspect and clean if required		
Dust	Terminals, fans, cabinet air inlets and air outlets, air filters of cabinet	Inspect and clean if required		
Cooling	Fan	Verify the fan operation	At least every year	
Fastening	All screws for electrical and mechanical connections	Verify tightening torques	At least every year	

Maximum maintenance intervals from the date of commissioning. Reduce the intervals between maintenance to adapt maintenance to the environmental conditions, the operating conditions of the drive, and to any other factor that may influence the operation and/ or maintenance requirements of the drive.

**NOTE:** The fan operation depends on the drive thermal state. The drive may be running and the fan not.

Fans may continue to run for a certain period of time even after power to the product has been disconnected.

# **ACAUTION**

### **RUNNING FANS**

Verify that fans have come to a complete standstill before handling them.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

# **Diagnostic And Troubleshooting**

Refer to the ATV340 Programming manual, page 11.

# **Spares and repairs**

Serviceable products:

Please refer to your Customer Care Center on www.se.com/CCC.

Variable Speed Drives Maintenance

# **Long-term Storage**

# **Capacitor Reforming**

If the drive was not connected to mains for an extended period of time, the capacitors must be restored to their full performance before the motor is started.

### NOTICE

### REDUCED CAPACITOR PERFORMANCE

- Apply mains voltage to the drive for one hour before starting the motor if the drive has not been connected to mains for the specified periods of time.(1)
- Verify that no Run command can be applied before the period of one hour has elapsed.
- Verify the date of manufacture if the drive is commissioned for the first time and run the specified procedure if the date of manufacture is more than 12 months in the past.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

### (1) Period of time:

- 12 months at a maximum storage temperature of +50°C (+122°F)
- 24 months at a maximum storage temperature of +45°C (+113°F)
- 36 months at a maximum storage temperature of +40°C (+104°F)

If the specified procedure cannot be performed without a Run command because of internal mains contactor control, perform this procedure with the power stage enabled, but the motor being at a standstill so that there is no appreciable mains current in the capacitors.

# **Decommissioning**

### **Uninstall the Product**

Observe the following procedure when uninstalling the product.

- Switch off all supply voltage. Verify that no voltages are present refer to the Safety Information chapter, page 5.
- · Remove all connection cables.
- Uninstall the product.

### **End of Life**

The components of the product consist of different materials which can be recycled and which must be disposed of separately.

- Dispose of the packaging in compliance with all applicable regulations.
- Dispose of the product in compliance with all applicable regulations.

Refer to the Green Premium section, page 27 for information and documents on environmental protection such as EoLI (End of Life instruction).

Maintenance Variable Speed Drives

# **Additional Support**

# **Customer Care Center**

For additional support, you can contact our Customer Care Center on:

www.se.com/CCC.

# **Glossary**

### Δ

### **Abbreviations:**

Req. = Required

Opt. = Optional

### AC:

**Alternating Current** 

### D

#### DC:

**Direct Current** 

### Ε

### ELV:

Extra-Low Voltage. For more information: IEC 60449

#### Error:

Discrepancy between a detected (computed, measured, or signaled) value or condition and the specified or theoretically correct value or condition.

### F

### **Factory setting:**

Factory settings when the product is shipped

### **Fault Reset:**

A function used to restore the drive to an operational state after a detected error is cleared by removing the cause of the error so that the error is no longer active.

### Fault:

Fault is an operating state. If the monitoring functions detect an error, a transition to this operating state is triggered, depending on the error class. A "Fault reset" is required to exit this operating state after the cause of the detected error has been removed. Further information can be found in the pertinent standards such as IEC 61800-7, ODVA Common Industrial Protocol (CIP).

### G

#### GP:

General-Purpose

#### L

### L/R:

Time constant equal to the quotient of inductance value (L) over the resistance value (R).

### N

### NC contact:

Normally Closed contact

### **NO** contact:

Normally Open contact

### 0

### OEM:

Original Equipment Manufacturer

### **OVCII:**

Overvoltage Category II, according IEC 61800-5-1

### P

### **PA/+:**

DC bus terminal

#### PC/-:

DC bus terminal

### PELV:

Protective Extra Low Voltage, low voltage with isolation. For more information: IEC 60364-4-41.

### PLC:

Programmable logic controller.

### Power stage:

The power stage controls the motor. The power stage generates current for controlling the motor.

### PTC:

Positive Temperature Coefficient. PTC thermistor probes integrated in the motor to measure its temperature

### PWM:

Pulse Width Modulation.

### R

### REACh:

Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and restriction of Chemicals regulation

### RoHS:

Restriction of Hazardous Substances

### S

### SCPD:

Short-Circuit Protective Device

### STO:

Safe Torque Off: No power that could cause torque or force is supplied to the motor

### T

### TVS Diode:

Transient Voltage Suppression Diode



### VHP:

Very High Horse Power (> 800 kW)

### VSD:

Variable Speed Drive



### Warning:

If the term is used outside the context of safety instructions, a warning alerts to a potential error that was detected by a monitoring function. A warning does not cause a transition of the operating state.

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As standards, specifications, and design change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this publication.

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